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ELASTOMERIC TANK LIFE EXTENSION STUDIES - Part II

INTERIM REPORT TFLRF No. 326

By

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(SwRI)
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Under Contract to

U.S. Army TARDEC
Mobility Technology Center-Belvoir
Fort Belvoir, Virginia

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Contract No. DAAK70-92-C-0059

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January 1998

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Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

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VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.							
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank) 2. REPORT DATE 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED						OVERED	
		January 1998		Interim March 1990 through June	1997		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE					5. FUNI	DING NUMBERS	
Elastomer Tank Life Extension S	Studies	-Part II			DAAK	70-92-C-0059; WD 43	
6. AUTHOR(S)							
Fodor, G. E.							
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)						FORMING ORGANIZATION ORT NUMBER	
U.S. Army TARDEC Fuels and Lubricants Research Facility (SwRI) Southwest Research Institute P.O. Drawer 28510							
San Antonio, Texas 78228-0510 TFLRF No. 326						No. 326	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 10.						ONSORING/MONITORING ENCY REPORT NUMBER	
U.S Army TACOM TARDEC Petroleum and Water Business Area Warren, MI 48397-5000							
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES							
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT 12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE							
Approved for public release; dis		n unlimited					
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)							
Time-dependent performances of an epichlorohydrin, a nitrile-based, and three polyurethane-type coated-fabric collapsible fuel tanks were evaluated under sub-tropical outdoor exposure conditions. These five products were filled with a referee grade diesel fuel and a JP-5/JP-8 ST special test turbine fuel. Data obtained from the fuel-filled tanks were compared to those of empty, fuel-free control products.							
Results indicated that all examined polyurethane tanks were substantially inferior to those fabricated from an epichlorohydrin or a nitrile product, with the later coated-fabric material being superior.							
14. SUBJECT TERMS						15. NUMBER OF PAGES	
	*					85	
						16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT		CURITY CLASSIFICATION THIS PAGE		SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	<u>-</u>	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	
Unclassified	Uncla	ssified	Unc	classified			

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

<u>Objective</u>: The objective of this effort is to investigate the effects of middle distillate fuels and the environment on fully formulated, unused, and unprotected collapsible fuel tanks.

<u>Technical Approach</u>: A variety of elastomer-coated fabrics and respective seam sections of collapsible fuel tanks, containing two different types of middle distillate fuels, were exposed to subtropical environment for an extended period of time. Selected physical properties of small sacrificial pillow tanks were monitored as a function of exposure time and fuel type.

<u>Military Impact</u>: This comparative study of a variety of coated-fabric compositions identified fuel tank materials that yield increased service life of collapsible fuel tanks and alleviate contamination of fuels and the environment in a cost-effective manner.

Accomplishments: A comparative outdoor exposure study was conducted using five candidate coated-fabric collapsible fuel tank materials in the presence of a referee grade diesel fuel (MIL-F-46162C) and a special test turbine fuel (JP-5/JP-8 ST of MIL-T-5624R). The candidate tanks included three polyurethane products, an epichlorohydrin product, and a nitrile rubber product. Studies included the use of small sacrificial pillow tanks for physical measurements and 1,900-liter (500-gallon) capacity minitanks, manufactured according to MIL-T-52983 specifications.

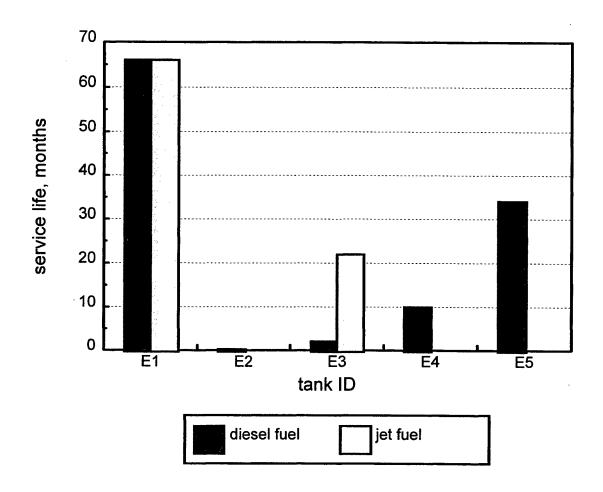
All products were tested with diesel fuel. The nitrile (E-1) and polyester polyurethane (E-3) products were also tested with turbine fuel. All minitanks were to be pressurized to 60 pounds per inch of seam stress to simulate stresses encountered in fuel tanks with capacities up to 50,000 gallons. Upon filling the minitanks, only the nitrile and epichlorohydrin tanks could be pressurized. The seams of the three polyurethane-based tanks leaked excessively upon application of pressure. Therefore, they were not pressurized.

The pressurized E-1 product survived outdoor exposure beyond the 66-month test limit without undue signs of degradation. Testing on the pressurized epichlorohydrin tank (E-5) was stopped after 34 months of exposure because it developed a pinhole while concurrently exhibiting fishscale-type blemishes, signs of impending delamination of the coating from the supporting fabric base. The three various unpressurized polyurethane tanks showed inferior performance compared to these products. The polyester-polyether polyurethane minitank (E-2) failed 24 hours after it was filled with diesel fuel. The E-3 product, which represented the tanks most widely

used by the Army, lasted two months when filled with the referee grade diesel fuel, and 22 months when filled with turbine fuel. The polyether polyester tank (E-4) lasted 10 months when tested against diesel fuel.

The studied polyurethane products are substantially less compatible with the selected fuels than either the nitrile or the epichlorohydrin products. The following barchart summarizes the observations on diesel and turbine fuel-containing, 500-gallon capacity minitanks, illustrating the expected service lives of these products.

Expected Service Life of Candidate Coated-Fabric Fuel Tanks



Note: All coated-fabric tanks were tested with diesel fuel, but only E-1 and E-3 were also tested with jet fuel.

FOREWORD AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work was performed at the U.S. Army TARDEC Fuels and Lubricants Research Facility (TFLRF) located at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI), San Antonio, TX, from March 1990 to June 1997 under Contract Nos. DAAK70-87-C-0043 and DAAK70-92-C-0059. The work was funded by the U.S. Army TARDEC, Petroleum and Water Business Area, Warren, MI. T.C. Bowen (AMSTA RBFF), L. Turnipseed (AMSTA TR-D/210) and T. Bagwell (AMSTA TR-D/210) served as the contracting officer's representatives and technical monitors.

This report is a continuation of Interim Report TFLRF No. 312, entitled "Coated-Fabric Tank Life Extension Studies," summarizing data collected from March 1990 to April 1996. The present report includes all information provided in that report augmented by those data and observations collected between April 1996 and May 1997, the termination date of this study.

The author acknowledges the technical support and guidance provided by W.F. McGovern (AMSTA RBW), L. Johnson (AMSTA RBWH), M.E. Lepera (AMSTA RBF) of MTCB, and L. Turnipseed (AMSTA TR-D/210) of TARDEC Petroleum and Water Business Area. The author also acknowledges the support provided by S.J. Lestz and E.C. Owens of TFLRF (SwRI). The self-compensating pressurization of the minitanks was designed by W.E. Likos. Physical property testing of the elastomers was performed by J.P. Fey. Laboratory and field assistance was provided by M.S. Voigt, D.P. Marr, and M.R. Gass. The editorial support provided by W.C. Mills of TFLRF is appreciated.

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I. INTRODUCTION

The requirements for rapid, temporary deployment of water and mobility fuels for military field applications are conveniently satisfied by the use of transportable coated-fabric collapsible tanks. While the primary consideration for selection of these products is the suitability of their components for the inert storage of the intended liquids, procurement factors include evaluation of the longevity, weight, and cost effectiveness of these fuel tanks. Past field observations often resulted in conflicting conclusions. The goals of this study were (a) to comparatively evaluate selected, currently available or candidate coated-fabric products and (b) to estimate their useful life in fuel containment.

II. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this project was to evaluate the effects of long-term exposure on unprotected coated-fabric collapsible fuel tank fabric and seam samples in a natural subtropical environment. Through these studies, we evaluated the time dependence of seam and coated-fabric degradation, emphasizing the evaluation of the seam sections' integrity. Data were obtained by performing physical measurements on small sacrificial pillow tanks, augmented by visual observation of fully functional, 1,900-L (500-gal) capacity minitanks.

III. PRELIMINARY SCREENING EXPERIMENTS

To evaluate fuel-elastomer compatibility, an accelerated preliminary study was conducted on five selected products (identified on page 3) by exposing them to four different middle distillate fuels and a middle distillate fuel simulant for 14 days at 80°C.

Guidelines and specifications for this study were established in a Statement of Work.¹ These specifications were partially modified in a subsequent letter² for the evaluation of candidate coated-fabric collapsible tank materials for the prescreening experiments, as summarized in Table 1 of Appendix A.

The accelerated preliminary tests on coated fabrics included replicate measurements of tear and breaking strengths in both the warp and fill directions and replicate determinations of diffusion rates of diesel and jet fuels through the fabrics. Screening of seam samples were restricted to confirmation that the samples met specification requirements in regard to their breaking strength and peel adhesion. The averaged results of these experiments are summarized in Table 2.

Preliminary screening experiments, reported in Interim Report BFLRF No. 231 during July 1989³, indicated that all but two of the five candidate elastomers passed the specification requirements by a wide margin. The average value for peel adhesion of the seam section of elastomer E-3 was found to be 28 lbs/inch, marginally failing to meet the required 30 lbs/inch value. The corresponding average value for elastomer E-5 was found to be 13 lbs/inch, substantially failing this test. It was also noted that in selecting a collapsible tank material, it is important to consider not only the structural integrity of the elastomeric material but also the possible effects of these materials on the products that may be stored in them. Some of the test fuels in the study became grossly contaminated by components of the tank material.

After reviewing the results of the preliminary screening experiments, AMSTA-RBWH of the Mobility Technology Center-Belvoir (MTCB), Ft. Belvoir, VA (now under TARDEC as AMSTA-TR-R/210) accepted all five of these previously selected coated-fabric collapsible fuel tank material candidates for the long-term outdoor exposure tests. The U.S. Army TARDEC Fuels and Lubricants Research Facility (TFLRF) located at Southwest Research Institute (SwRI), San Antonio, TX, then issued purchase requisitions for the required sacrificial pillow tanks and 1,900-L (500-gal) capacity minitanks to begin the main study of this program.

IV. TEST PROTOCOL AND SELECTION OF CANDIDATE PRODUCTS

Requirements of the accelerated prescreening experiments for the long-term exposure studies were reduced to testing seam sections for their breaking strength and peel adhesion only.² An ensuing letter⁴ expanded these requirements to include determination of the breaking strength of the coated-

fabric material itself. The same letter also reduced the criteria for failure of the seam sections from 500 to 300 lbs/inch of breaking strength and from 30 to 20 lbs/inch of peel adhesion.

AMSTA-RBWH of MTCB selected five candidate coated-fabric collapsible tank materials for the study. To preserve confidentiality, the manufacturers of the selected materials are not disclosed in this report. The five coated-fabric materials selected for this study are coded as E-1 through E-5, generically identified as follows:

code	coating material	fabric material	
E-1	nitrile	nylon	
E-2	outer coating: polyether polyurethane		
	inner coating: polyester polyurethane	nylon	
E-3	polyester polyurethane	nylon	
E-4	polyether polyurethane	nylon	
E-5	epichlorohydrin	nylon	

Long-term compatibility of candidate products with middle distillate fuels was studied using a referee grade diesel fuel and a special test turbine fuel meeting MIL-F-46162C and JP-5/JP-8 ST of MIL-T-5624N specifications, respectively. In addition, the diesel fuel was procured to contain the MIL-S-53021 stabilizer additive package and 0.8 vol% of ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (EGME), a fuel system icing inhibitor (FSII). Analytical data on these fuels are summarized in Table 3. Both fuels met their target specifications, including the high sulfur content of the referee grade diesel fuel. Note in Table 3 the high concentration of aromatic hydrocarbons present in the diesel fuel.

V. EXPERIMENTAL

Evaluation of the elastomers was performed in two parallel ways. To provide periodic samples for physical testing of seam sections, small sacrificial pillow tanks were procured from the suppliers. These tanks measure approximately $30 \times 60 \text{ cm}$ ($12 \times 24 \text{ inches}$) with a seam in the middle of the 60-cm long upper section. From each of the five elastomers, three sets of pillow tanks were placed

under outdoor exposure conditions: one set of empty control or blank tanks, one set containing the JP-5/JP-8 ST turbine fuel, and one set containing the referee grade diesel fuel. The appropriate sacrificial pillow tanks were filled with approximately 10 L of fuel. Air was expelled from the ullage, and the tanks were sealed using fittings installed by the manufacturers. Thus prepared, all internal parts of these tanks, including the entire area of the seam, were in contact with the fuel. The outside surfaces were exposed to the elements. At each sampling period, one sacrificial tank was retrieved from each elastomer set for physical property measurements according to the procedures specified in Table 1. Physical property measurements were made using a SINTECH Materials Testing Workstation, Model 20-G.

Minitanks, with nominal capacity of 1,900-L (500 gal), served as the baseline for overall visual observation and comparison with measured data from the sacrificial pillow tanks. All procured tanks were to be constructed to conform to MIL-T-52983 specifications.

It was planned that all minitanks would be pressurized to 60 lbs/in of seam to simulate seam stresses encountered in fuel tanks with capacities up to 190 cubic meters (50,000 gallons). Pressurization was accomplished using an individual self-compensating, fuel-filled standpipe system for each minitank to alleviate thermally induced pressure fluctuations in the fuel tanks. For each minitank, the standpipe system comprised an individual fuel reservoir, a solar-powered pump, an overflow drain to the standpipe, a safety pressure relief valve, and a pressure gauge. As the fuel expanded due to increased ambient temperatures, the excess fuel in the standpipe returned to the fuel reservoir. During fuel contraction, a float switch located near the top of the standpipe activated the pump, returning fuel from the reservoir into the tank to push the fuel level in the standpipe to the desired height.

According to instructions by AMSTA-RBWH, two E-1 and E-3 minitanks were procured to test their compatibility with jet and diesel fuel. Single minitanks made of E-2, E-4, and E-5 were procured to be tested with diesel fuel only. Upon filling the minitanks, it was noted that only E-1 and E-5 minitanks could be pressurized, while the polyurethane-based E-2, E-3, and E-4 minitanks started to leak excessively through their seam sections upon application of pressure (discussed later).

With concurrence by AMSTA-RBWH, these tanks were tested using the less stringent experimental conditions by filling them with fuel only to zero head pressure.

VI. DISCUSSION

During the outdoor exposure experiments, the 1,900-L minitanks were used as a comparative baseline for non-intrusive visual observations only. Physical measurements were performed on the sacrificial pillow tanks. Seam samples were tested using specially manufactured, small pillow tanks having capacities of approximately two gallons. One control sample, and one each of those samples containing diesel and jet fuel, were sacrificed during each sampling period. Evaluation of sample integrity included physical testing to determine changes in seam breaking strength and peel adhesion. During the last two years of the study, the breaking strengths of the coated fabrics were also measured.⁴

Project plans specified the following test matrix for the 1,900-L (500-gal) minitanks:

elastomer ID	<u>blank</u>	<u>jet fuel</u>	diesel fuel
E-1	no	yes	yes
E-2	no	no	yes
E-3	no	yes	yes
E-4	no	no	yes
E-5	no	no	yes

The matrix of the specified sacrificial pillow tanks included all five coated-fabric compositions against both fuels, with the empty tanks providing the baseline or control (blank) values:

elastomer ID	<u>blank</u>	<u>jet fuel</u>	diesel fuel
E-1	yes	yes	yes
E-2	yes	yes	yes
E-3	yes	yes	yes
E-4	yes	yes	yes
E-5	yes	yes	yes

A. Long-term outdoor exposure experiments using 500-gal. minitanks

The outdoor experiments using the 1,900-L (500-gal) capacity minitanks may be summarized as follows:

E-1 minitanks were filled with the referee grade diesel fuel and JP-5/JP-8 ST turbine fuel, and pressurized to 60 lbs/inch seam stress after a two-week observation period. After seven months of outdoor exposure, these products were depressurized and emptied so that the manufacturer could repair leaking O-rings. The tanks were out of service for two months, then refilled and pressurized. Except for some minor fuel-related surface discolorations, these tanks are still under test conditions after more than 66 months of outdoor exposure. The fabric of E-1 is smooth, with several visible 10- to 15-cm diameter, fuel-induced discolorations. Photographs 1 and 2 in Appendix C show the initial condition of the diesel and turbine fuel-filled minitanks, respectively. Photograph 3 was taken after these tanks were under pressurized test conditions for 53 months. The appearance of both of these tanks are essentially identical to those depicted on Photograph 3, even after 66 months of exposure.

E-2-, E-3-, and E-4-derived minitanks leaked extensively at several spots from their seam sections while being filled with fuel. These tanks were returned to the fabricator for repair or replacement (at their option). The returned tanks were refilled with fuel. Again, these tanks were filled only to their capacity, but due to extensive leakage at seam sections, none of them could be pressurized.

E-2minitank began to display signs of approaching failure immediately after being filled with <u>diesel</u> <u>fuel</u>, as shown in Photograph 4. All the seams were flooded with fuel, and there were several blisters in the seam sections. Leaks were clearly evident at all four corners. Patches of fuel appeared along the perimeter of the tank on top of the berm liner. To alleviate the safety and environmental hazards, the tank was surrounded by "Hazorb" spill-control pillows to soak up the puddles of fuel along the periphery of the tank. (These spill-control pillows, replaced as needed around the tanks, are filled with inert foamed sand designed to adsorb acidic, caustic, solvent and oil spills.) Photograph 5

shows the soiled spill-control pillows around this minitank. <u>Twenty-four hours</u> later, a stream of diesel fuel was found escaping from this tank, as seen in Photograph 6. The tank was emptied to avoid environmental and safety hazards.

E-3 minitank is shown in Photograph 7 immediately after it was filled with <u>diesel fuel</u>. Within <u>two months</u> of storage, this tank had to be emptied and withdrawn from further testing due to excessive fuel leakage at seam areas. Photograph 8 illustrates one such area. The minitank of E-3 is shown in Photograph 9 one day after it was filled with <u>turbine fuel</u>. Except for minor leaks from the seam areas, this tank survived <u>22 months</u> of outdoor exposure before it also had to be emptied of fuel due to an over 100-cm long, fully separated seam section, as shown in Photograph 10. The empty tank was allowed to remain at the test site. One year after this picture was taken, most of the upper surface of this tank suffered from environmentally induced, major delamination of the coating material from the nylon fabric, demonstrating full degradation of this material, as shown in Photograph 11.

E-4 minitank, filled with the referee grade <u>diesel fuel</u>, is shown in Photograph 12. This tank failed after <u>10 months</u> of exposure and had to be taken out of service due to excessive leaking from seam and corner areas, as shown in Photograph 13. Note the severe darkening of the outer surfaces of this tank.

E-5 minitank was filled with <u>diesel fuel</u> and pressurized using the standpipe system. Photograph 14 was taken within one week after this tank was placed under test conditions. After approximately <u>34 months</u> under full test conditions, a pinhole developed in the fabric at the upper part of the minitank. Due to the internal pressure, a very small stream of fuel began to spray to a height of 12 to 15 cm (5 to 6 in.). Even after approximately 265 L (70 gal.) of diesel fuel was removed from the tank, the fuel kept oozing from the pinhole. Concurrently, 1- to 2-mm diameter, fish-scale type blemishes were also observed over the entire surface of the minitank, indicating delamination of the elastomeric coating from the supporting fabric. The condition of this tank and the escaping large quantities of diesel fuel are shown in Photograph 15. Due to the imminent failure of this minitank, for safety and environmental concerns, and because of the excessive cost of potential cleanup, the diesel fuel was withdrawn from the tank.

B. Visual observations during long-term outdoor exposure of sacrificial pillow tanks

Some of the polyurethane-type sacrificial pillow tanks exhibited fuel compatibility problems within one year of exposure, closely resembling the behavior of the larger minitanks. When filled with diesel fuel for one year, 7 of 36 tanks showed fuel leaks along seams of E-2 pillow tanks. Of the 36 E-2 pillow tanks filled with jet fuel, nine leaked fuel through the seams. One of these tanks leaked all its fuel to the berm liner.

When filled with diesel fuel, only 1 of 36 tanks had a minor fuel leak along the seam of the E-3 pillow tanks. The same material containing jet fuel similarly developed a fuel leak in 1 of 36 pillow tanks.

Fuel leaks were found at the seams in 18 of 36 pillow tanks made of E-4 when filled with diesel fuel. The majority of these pillow tanks (33 of 36) developed jet fuel leaks as well within a month after they were filled.

During the same 12-month period, and during the succeeding 54 months, pillow tanks made of E-1 and E-5 showed no signs of similar distress when containing either diesel or jet fuels.

After outdoor storage for approximately 20 to 22 months, the polyurethane-coated sacrificial pillow tanks that contained referee grade diesel fuel were found to be severely degraded. Within approximately one week several small streams of diesel fuel were observed on the previously clean berm liner. Further investigation revealed that most of these small pillow tanks were empty. Those that still contained diesel fuel split at the seams and spilled diesel fuel onto the berm liner when an attempt was made to gently lift them by hand. These observations were expected to occur after examining data from earlier breaking strength and peel adhesion measurements.

At the same time, it was also observed that the polyurethane pillow tanks containing JP-5/JP-8 ST fuel were essentially (but not fully) empty. All of these pillow tanks were refilled with approximately 1 gal. of the fuel and returned to testing conditions.

The visual observations are documented in photographs 16-21. Photographs 16-18 show the newly deployed (a) empty control or blank tanks, (b) turbine fuel-filled tanks, and (c) diesel fuel-filled sacrificial pillow tanks, respectively. Photographs 19-21 show the same set of sacrificial pillow tanks approximately two years after deployment. Three of the diesel fuel-containing E-2 minitanks exhibited major delamination of the coating polymer from the nylon fabric. One such pillow tank is pictured in Photograph 22.

VII. PHYSICAL PROPERTY MEASUREMENTS ON SEAM SECTIONS

Physical property measurements were performed on the periodically retrieved sacrificial pillow tanks according to the procedures specified in Table 1. Required seam breaking strength and seam peel adhesion limits were set at 500 and 30 lb/in., respectively.²

Data are presented in both tabular and graphical forms. To provide a ready comparison of each of the five individual types of sacrificial pillow tanks, data with graphical illustrations are furnished for all five elastomers for outdoor exposure periods of 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 months as measured by the breaking strength and peel adhesion of the respective seam sections. Additionally, breaking strength and peel adhesion data as a function of outdoor exposure time are also given for each of the five individual types of sacrificial pillow tanks for the control (blank), the jet fuel-, and diesel fuel-containing specimens.

Tables 4-8 contain all measured breaking strength and peel adhesion data obtained on the seam sections of E-1 for exposure periods of up to 66 months, and those for E-2 through E-5 for exposure periods of up to 54 months. The data include triplicate raw measured values and the average and standard deviation of the data on the control (blank, fuel-free) pillow tanks and those that contained either the JP-5/JP-8 ST turbine fuel or the referee grade diesel fuel. Also presented are the changes in these data, expressed as a percentage of the control values. Tables 9 and 10 summarize the average and standard deviation of data (from Tables 4-8) as a function of coated-fabric composition at constant exposure periods, and as a function of exposure time for each composition, respectively.

The comparative performance of each coated-fabric composition at identical exposure periods (Table 9) show, in contrast to E-1 (nitrile) and E-5 (epichlorohydrin), the limited useful life-cycles of E-2 through E-4, the polyurethane products. While all products approach specification requirements after six months of outdoor exposure, after 12-months of exposure the peel adhesion values for the diesel fuel-containing polyurethane tanks failed to meet their specifications.

Graphical illustrations of seam breaking strength and seam peel adhesion data, summarized from Tables 9 and 10, are shown in Figures 1-28 in Appendix B. Figures 1-9 show the comparable seam breaking strength data for E-1 through E-5 after 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 months of outdoor exposure, respectively, of the fuel-free blank (control) samples and those that contained either turbine or diesel fuel. Corresponding, combined peel adhesion data are shown for E-1 through E-5 in Figures 10-18, respectively.

The changes in seam section breaking strengths as a function of outdoor exposure of E-1 through E-5 are shown in Figures 19-23, while corresponding changes in the peel adhesion are given in Figures 24-28.

Examination of individually measured data tabulated in Tables 4-9 and in Figures 1-28 reveal occasional, large sample-to-sample variations in seam-section properties. It may be argued that such variations were caused by manufacturing problems associated with such small pillow tanks. Similarly, apparent "reversals" in physical properties as a function of time may have been caused by the same difficulties.

Several general comments can be made. Measured data on sacrificial pillow tanks support findings of visual observations. Examination of the exposure time-dependence of the breaking strength and peel adhesion data for the seam sections of the individual coated-fabric tanks shows the following trends:

During breaking strength measurements, most failures occurred in the fabric, rather than the seam sections. All specimens of E-1 broke in the fabric, while E-5 gave variable results. In case of the

blank (control) specimen, all failures took place in the fabrics.

Breaking strength changes in the seam sections of E-1 (Figure 19) showed that most of the average of measured data was below the required 500 lb/in. value, but all data remained above 300 lb/in. for the entire reported 66 months of outdoor exposure. Peel adhesion values (Figure 24) of this product remained above the specified 30 lb/in., except for the jet fuel related data obtained at 36 months of exposure, a possible specimen defect.

E-2 containing diesel fuel showed degraded breaking strength at 12 months of exposure and complete failure between 24 and 30 months (Figure 20). Breaking strength of the seam sections of tanks that contained turbine fuel dropped to below 300 lb/in. after 30 months of exposure. Peel adhesion values (Figure 25) of the 12-month samples were found to be below 20 lb/in.

E-3 yielded breaking strength data (Figure 21) above 500 lb/in. for the six-month sample. The 12-month sample containing diesel fuel gave a breaking strength of approximately 300 lb/in. and subsequently yielded incrementally reduced values. The 24-month sample exhibited almost zero breaking strength. Peel adhesion data (Figure 26) gave a similar trend.

E-4 delivered similar results to those of E-3 (Figures 22 and 27). Breaking strength data on the diesel fuel-containing pillow tanks dropped to below 300 lb/in. after 12 months of exposure, and to about 50 lb/in. after 18 months. In the presence of turbine fuel, these tanks gave seam breaking strength data above 400 lb/in. to 24 months of exposure, but exhibited subsequent rapid degradation. In the presence of diesel fuel, peel adhesion data dropped to below 30 lb/in. during the first 6 months of storage, and to 10 lb/in. after 12 months. In presence of turbine fuel, peel adhesion data remained excellent for 18 months of storage, rapidly degrading subsequently.

Breaking strength measurements of the seam sections of the sacrificial pillow tanks of E-5 gave close to the specification values for up to the reported exposure limit of 54 months, as shown in Figure 23. However, measured peel adhesion data (Figure 28) have always exhibited marginal to failing values.

VIII. PHYSICAL PROPERTY MEASUREMENTS ON FABRIC SECTIONS

To fulfill new requirements defined in a letter by AMSTA-RBWH during March 1995,⁴ breaking strength data were also collected on the coated fabrics during the last two years of this study. Specification limit for breaking strength of the coated fabric was reduced from 500 lb/in., as stated in Table 1, to 300 lb/in.⁴ To further satisfy the new requirements, breaking strengths of the coated fabrics were measured in both warp and fill directions.

Breaking strength data were collected on the E-1 specimen after 42, 48, 54, 60, and 66 months of outdoor exposure. Corresponding data were collected on E-2 to E-4 specimens after 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 months of exposure. The measured values for the unexposed, new products were measured during the preliminary phase of this work. To provide baseline reference values, the data from the preliminary study³ are also included in these tables under the heading of new products, corresponding to zero exposure period.

The measured replicate data, their average value, and associated standard deviations are given in Table 11. The data include results of breaking strength measurements in both the fill and warp directions on the blank (fuel-free) specimen and those that contained either the referee grade diesel fuel or the turbine fuel. The averages and sample standard deviations of these data are compiled as a function of composition after identical exposure periods (Table 12) and as a function of exposure time for each composition (Table 13). A lack of entry in these tables indicate that either not enough replicate measurements were made to provide standard deviation for the data (from the preliminary data set), or that the samples were degraded to such an extent that no measurements could be made on them.

Breaking strength data in the fill direction from Tables 12 and 13 are graphically presented in Figures 29-39. Figure 29 shows the results of breaking strength measurements on all five of the unexposed, new products. Note that the breaking strength of each product was substantially above the 500 lb/in. specification values. Figures 30-34 show the breaking strength values (in the fill

direction) for the fabric sections for each of the five products, corresponding to exposure periods of 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 months. Note that there are no data available for E-1 for the 30 and 36 month exposures, because E-1 had already been exposed to the elements for 42 months when these measurements were initiated.

Figure 30 shows the compatibility of the fabric sections of E-2 through E-5 after 30 months of exposure for the blank, the turbine and the diesel fuel-containing sacrificial pillow tanks. Among these products, only E-5 shows resistance toward both the diesel and turbine fuels, and E-2 toward the turbine fuel only. The fabric sections of E-3 and E-4 show marginal breaking strength when in contact with turbine fuel, and full failure when containing diesel fuel.

Figure 31 indicates that in comparing the fabric sections of E-2 through E-5, only E-5 meets the 500 lb/in. specification requirements in the presence of the test fuels. Figures 32-34 show the comparison of the breaking strengths of the fabrics of E-1 through E-5 after exposure periods of 42, 48, and 54 months. It is common in all these charts that samples of E-3 and E-4 are useless in the presence of these fuels, while specimens of E-5 exhibit consistently superior performance. After 42 months of exposure, E-2 still provided measurable breaking strength in contact with the turbine fuel. The failing measured values for the blank and turbine fuel-containing E-1 specimen after 42 months (Figure 32) seems to be anomalous, especially when compared with the results obtained after 48 and 54 months of exposure, as indicated in Figures 33 and 34. These last two charts indicate that only E-1 and E-5 meet the specification values of 500 lb/in. at the termination of these studies.

Figures 35-39 show the time-dependent changes in the breaking strengths of E-1 through E-5, respectively. These figures show comparative breaking strength values for the new, unexposed blank specimen, as measured during the preliminary phase of this study. Figure 35 shows that, except for the apparently anomalous observations after 42 months of exposure, E-1 meets the 500 lb/in. specification values. While meeting specification values when containing turbine fuel for 30 months, the failure of E-2 to contain diesel fuel is evident in Figure 36. Figures 37 and 38 show the historical behavior of E-3 and E-4. While the fabric of E-3 shows breaking strengths in excess of

300 lbs/in. in presence of turbine fuel for up to 36 months, this product's incompatibility with diesel fuel for the indicated exposure times is evident. The fabric section of E-4 marginally meets specification breaking strength in the presence of turbine fuel for up to 30 months of exposure, but, due to prior degradation, corresponding diesel fuel-containing E-4 samples were no longer available. Figure 39 shows that E-5 meets the specification requirements in the presence of either fuel.

Performance of the fuel-free control samples also indicate the <u>storage life of exposed new tanks</u>. Figures 40 and 41 illustrate the comparative seam breaking strength and peel adhesion of these products during 54 months of outdoor exposure. As shown, all control samples met the 500 lbs/in. breaking strength criterion. Peel adhesion data show large sample-to-sample variation possibly due to fabrication difficulties. Decreasing peel adhesion values were noted for E-4, while all E-5 samples failed the 30 lbs/in. peel adhesion limit.

IX. EFFECTS OF ELASTOMERS ON THE CONTAINED FUELS

Steam jet gum is a fuel quality indicator, measured according to the procedures in ASTM D 381.⁵ This parameter provides data reflecting the presence and quantities of fuel-soluble products of low volatility, *e.g.*, fuel-degradation products or possible low-volatility, dissolved foreign products, such as those that may have been dissolved from the fuel's container. Steam jet gum values above 20 mg/100 mL usually may imply high levels of contamination or degradation of the fuel. As a cursory, peripheral study, fuel samples were recovered from the small, sacrificial pillow tanks to evaluate their steam jet gum contents to discover possible deleterious effects of the elastomers on the fuels. No attempt was made to identify the source(s) or components of the gums.

Steam jet gum data collected during the life of this project are summarized in Table 14. Data from Table 14 are also shown graphically in Figures 42-46 for E-1 through E-5, respectively. The observations may be summarized as follows:

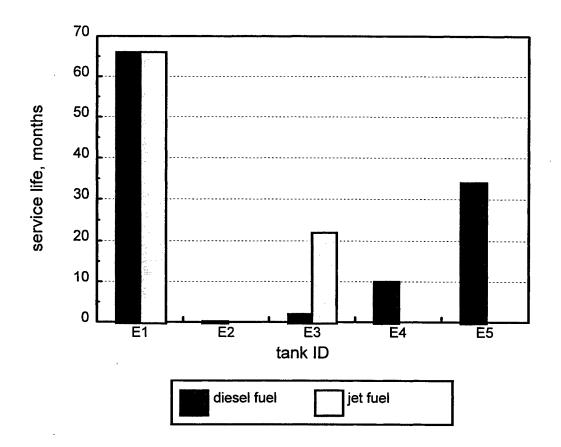
- 1. Fuel contamination in the referee grade diesel fuel is shown to be higher than in the JP-5/JP-8 ST fuel. Contamination of the JP-5/JP-8 ST fuel by the various elastomers generally parallels that of the diesel fuel, but at reduced levels, *i.e.*, the examined products were more resistant to turbine fuel than to diesel fuel. These observations are in agreement with results of the physical property testing. A possible reason for this phenomenon may be higher aromatic hydrocarbon content of the diesel fuel.
- 2. Fuel samples were available throughout the full exposure period only from E-1 (66 months) and E-5 (54 months), as shown in Figures 40 and 44. Pillow tanks prepared from E-2, E-3, and E-4 disintegrated at intermediate times, as indicated in Figures 41-44.
- 3. Overall, E-5 yielded lower gum contents than E-1.

X. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The performances of an epichlorohydrin, a nitrile rubber-based, and three polyurethane-type, coated-fabric collapsible fuel tanks were evaluated under subtropical outdoor exposure conditions. Sacrificial pillow tanks made of these five products were filled with a referee grade diesel fuel and a JP-5/JP-8 ST special test turbine fuel. The results obtained from the fuel-filled tanks were compared to those of the empty, fuel-free products. Additionally, 1,900-L (500-gal) capacity minitanks were also made of these products. While all minitanks were tested with diesel fuel, only minitanks made of E-1 and E-3 were also tested with jet fuel.

Measurement results indicate that all examined polyurethane tanks were substantially inferior to those fabricated from the epichlorohydrin or nitrile products, with the latter being superior. Observations on the 1,900-L capacity minitanks are shown on the following barchart to illustrate the expected service lives of these products:

Expected Service Life of Candidate Coated-Fabric Fuel Tanks



It was shown that among the 1,900-L capacity minitanks, the polyurethane-based products could not be pressurized to simulate seam stress values expected in the larger tanks, *e.g.*, those with capacities of 20,000 and 50,000 gal. In the case of two different polyurethane-based tanks, the experiments had to be discontinued within two months of outdoor exposure, while the third polyurethane tank lasted for about 10 months before a catastrophic seam failure occurred when used for storage of diesel fuel. The majority of the problems with the polyurethane tanks were due to poor seam quality, as shown by Photograph 10. It should be noted, however, that grave problems were also found with the structural integrity of the polyurethane tanks, as demonstrated by Photograph 11, in contrast with the performance of the pressurized nitrile tank after 53 months of use, as shown in Photograph 3. The pressurized epichlorohydrin product developed a pinhole on the upper part of the coated fabric

that resulted in continued leakage of fuel after 34 months of exposure. Concurrently, the epichlorohydrin minitank exhibited 1- to 2-mm diameter, fish-scale-type blemishes over the entire surface of the minitank, indicating imminent delamination of the elastomeric coating from the supporting fabric. The nitrile product has been under 60 lb/in. of seam stress for over 66 months, the test limits of this investigation, without adverse incidents.

If products submitted for these experiments by the various manufacturers of coated fabrics are representative of products sold to Department of Defense agencies, then it must be recommended that hydrocarbon fuels not be stored in polyurethane-type products, and that nitrile rubber or epichlorohydrin be the materials of choice for collapsible fuel tanks. It is further recommended that newly developed, candidate fuel tank materials and fabrication techniques be impartially evaluated, *i.e.*, independently from the manufacturers of the coated-fabrics or fabricators of the tanks. Additionally, it is considered most important to examine the effects of the elastomeric coated-fabric fuel tank materials on the quality of the products that they contain, and that if any substantial problems are discovered, actions would be directed to alleviate them.

XI. REFERENCES

- 1. Memorandum by T.C. Bowen, U.S. Army Belvoir RD&E Center, to S.J. Lestz, TFLRF, dated 03 May 1990, "Draft Project Plan for Outdoor Exposure and Laboratory Studies of Elastomer Seams for Fuel Tanks."
- 2. Letter by J.O. Hall, U.S. Army Belvoir RD&E Center, to G.E. Fodor, TFLRF, dated 08 August 1990.
- 3. Fodor, G. E., "Fuel-Elastomer Compatibility Studies Results of 80 °C/14-Day Experiments," Interim Report BFLRF No. 231, Belvoir Fuels and Lubricants Research Facility at Southwest Research Institute, San Antonio, Texas. Defense Technical Documentation Center accession No. AD A216015, July 1989.
- 4. Letter by W.F. McGovern, AMSTA-RBWH, to G.E. Fodor, TFLRF, dated 15 March 1995.
- 5. ASTM D 381, "Standard Test Method for Existent Gum in Fuels by Jet Evaporation."

APPENDIX A TABLES

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TABLE 1. Physical Test Requirements

Property	Requirement	Test Method	No. of Replicates
Coated fabrics:			
Tear Strength, min. lb	35	ASTM D 2261	5 in each warp and fill directions
Breaking Strength, min. lb/inch	500	FM-191/5102	5 in each warp and fill directions
Diffusion Rate, max. fl oz/ft²/24 hr	0.15	MIL-T-52983F Par. 4.5.2.12	3 per fuel
Seam sections:			
Breaking Strength, min. lb/inch	500	FM-601/8311	3
Peel Adhesion, min. lb/inch	30	ASTM D 413	3

TABLE 2. Average Results of Preliminary Screening by Physical Testing

;	DIFFUSI	ON RATE	COATE	D FABRIC	COATED	FABRIC	SEAM SECT	NOL
Elast.	Diesel	Turbine	Avg. Break	Avg. Breaking Strength	Avg. Tear	Strength	Breaking	Peel
-i-	Land	ruel ruel	warp	III	Warp		Strength	Adhesion
	0.012	0.016	628	758	122	93	681	108
7	0.010	0.002	724	764	128	53	289	40
3	0.017	0.003	745	624	103	81	634	28
4	0.026	0.028	743	613	49	38	589	56
S	0.019	0.005	754	567	84 78	78	763 13	13
SPECS.:	0.15 fl oz/sq fl/24 hr	iq ft/24 hr	500 lbs/incl	00 lbs/inch, minimum	35 lbs, minimu	imum	500 lb/in min	30 lb/in min.

TABLE 3. Analysis of Fuels for Tank Life Extension Program

		MIL-F-4	6162C (Re	f. Diesel Fuel)	MIL-	T-5624N (JP	-5/JP-8 ST)
Property	Method	min.	max.	AL-19525-F	min.	max.	AL-19543-F
Gravity, API at 15°C	D 1298	Report	Report	29.4	42.1	36.0	41.4
Density, kg/L at 15°C	D 1298	Report	Report	0.879	0.815	0.845	0.818
Color	D 1500	NR	NR	2	Report	Report	L 0.5
Flash Point, PPCC, °C	D 93	52	NR	60	60	NR	63
Cloud Point, °C	D 2500	NR	-13	-25	NR	NR	-52
Pour Point, °C	D 97	NR	-18	-41	NR	NR	-52
Freezing Point, °C	D 2386	NR	NR	-20	NR	-46	- 49
Smoke Point, mm	D 1322	NR	NR	ND*	18.0	21.0	19.0
K. Viscosity, cSt, at	D 445						
-20°C		NR	NR	ND	NR	8.5	5.5
20°C		NR	NR	ND	NR	NR	ND
40°C		1.9	4.1	3.4	NR	NR	ND
Distillation, °C	D 86						
Initial Boiling Point		Report	Report	152	Report	Report	183
5% Recovered		NR	NR	207	NR	NR	189
10% Recovered		220	NR	228	NR	205	193
20% Recovered		NR	NR	242	Report	Report	195
30% Recovered		NR	NR	254	NR	NR	199
40% Recovered		NR	NR	265	NR	NR	203
50% Recovered		255	305	277	Report	Report	206
60% Recovered		NR	NR	288	NR	NR	211
		NR NR	NR	299	NR.	NR	216
70% Recovered		NR NR	NR	312	NR	NR NR	223
80% Recovered		310	360	326	Report	Report	235
90% Recovered		315	365	339	NR	NR	246
95% Recovered		NR	385	351	NR	300	258
End Point				98.5	Report	Report	99.0
Recovered, vol%		Report NR	Report 3	1.5	NR	1.5	1.0
Residue, vol%	D 400			0.01	NR NR	NR	ND
Ash, wt%	D 482	NR	0.02	0.01	NIC	NK	ND
Carbon Residue, 10%	D #0.4) ID	0.20	0.14	NID	MD	MD
Bottoms, wt%	D 524	NR	0.20	0.14	NR	NR	ND
Filtration Time, min.	D 2276	NR	NR	ND	NR	15	4
Water Reaction Interface	D 1094	NR	NR	ND	NR	1 b	1b
Water Separation Index,				3.75	=0	\	0.0
WISM	D 2550	NR	NR	ND	70	NR	86
Water, ppm	D 1744	NR	NR	277 (a)	NR	NR	93
Particulates, mg/L	D 2276	NR	10.0	4.0	NR	1.0	0.5
Accelerated Stability,							
mg/dL	D 2274	NR	1.5	0.8	NR	NR	ND
Existent Gum, mg/dL	D 381	NR	NR	ND	NR	7.0	0.2
Thermal Stability, JFTOT	D 3241					_	
TDR Code		NR	NR	ND	NR	<3	2
max. ΔP, mm Hg		NR	NR	ND	NR	25	0
Neutralization No., mg KOH/g	D 664	NR	0.20	0.01	NR	NR	ND
Total Acid No., mg KOH/g	D 3242	NR	NR	ND	NR	0.015	0.007
Copper Strip Corrosion	D 130	NR	1	1A	NR	1	1 A
Electrical Conductivity, pS/m	D 2624	NR	NR	ND	NR	NR	5
Carbon, wt%		NR	NR	ND	NR	NR	86.51
Hydrogen, wt%		NR	NR	ND	13.3	13.5	13.52
Nitrogen, wt%		NR	NR	ND	NR	NR	ND
Sulfur, wt%		0.950	1.050	0.998	NR	0.400	0.020
Mercaptan Sulfur, wt%	D 3227	NR	NR	ND	NR	0.002	0.000
Peroxide No., ppm (wt)	D 3703	NR	NR	ND	NR	8.0	2.0

TABLE 3. Analysis of Fuels for Tank Life Extension Program (cont'd)

		MIL-F-46	6162C (Ref	Diesel Fuel)	MIL	-T-5624N (JI	P-5/JP-8 ST)
Property	Method	min.	max.	AL-19525-F	min.	max.	AL-19543-F
Aromatics, vol%	D 1319	Report	Report	46.0	23.0	27.0	24,5
Olefins, vol%	D 1319	NR	NR	2.4	NR	5.0	1.2
Saturates, vol%	D 1319	NR	NR	51.6	NR	NR	74.3
Aromatic Ring Carbon, wt%	SwRI/UV						
Mononuclear		NR	NR	9.7	NR	NR	10.5
Dinuclear		NR	NR	5.8	NR	NR	4.0
Trinuclear		NR	NR	0.6	NR	NR	0.0
Total		NR	NR	16.1	NR	NR	14.5
Net Heat of Combustion,							
MJ/kg	D 240	Report	Report	41.4	42.6	NR	ND
Cetane Number	D 613	37.0	43.0	37.0	NR	NR	ND
Cetane Index	D 240	NR	NR	ND	Report	Report	37.6
Additives:					•	•	
FOA-15, g/cu.M		71 ± 3	NR	71	NR	NR	ND
Biobor JF, g/cu.M		227 ± 10	NR	227	NR	NR	ND
Cetane Improver, wt%		NR	0.50	ND	NR	NR	ND
Pour Point Depressant		May Use	(b)	(1.0)	NR	NR	ND
Antioxidant, mg/L (lb/Mbbl)		May Use	May Use	ND	NR	24	(7)
Metal Deactivator, mg/gal.		NR	NR	ND	NR	22	ND
Corrosion Inhibitor		May Use	May Use	ND	NR	QPL-25017	(3)
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor,		•	•			Q. 2. 2001.	(5)
vol%		NR	NR	0.68	NR	MIL-I-85470	0.17
Static Dissipator		NR	NR	ND	NR	ASA-3 or Stadis 450	ND

NOTES:

^{*} ND = Not Determined.
NR - Not Required.
(a) Water conc. without FSII: 227 ppm.
(b) 1.0 vol% EGMME mandatory for this project.

TABLE 4. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-1 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE

Date of	Exposure			E-1 with	Jet Fuel	E-1 with Di	esel Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-1, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
05/12/92	6	Breaking Strength	538	364	68	395	73
00/12/02	· ·	Stocking Change	628	434	69	409	65
			574	353	61	407	71
		Average	580	384	66	404	70
		St. Dev.	45	44	4	8	4
		Peel Adhesion	75 98	60 62	80 63	67 82	89 84
			68	63	93	77	
							113
		Average St. Dev.	80 16	62 2	79 15	75 8	95 16
		O. 50V.		_	.0	J	
10/28/92	12	Breaking Strength	373	323	87	662	177
12/03/92		5 5	419	316	75	637	152
			398	312	78	625	157
			313	361	115	548	175
			306	354	116	545	178
		A	315	338	107	573	182
		Average	354	334	96	598	170
		St. Dev.	49	20	18	50	12
		Peel Adhesion	74	34	46	67	91
			55	32	58	71	129
			50	42	84	52	104
			76	38	50	57	75
			72	42	58	67	93
			83	47	57	57	69
		Average	68	39	59	62	93
		St. Dev.	13	6	13	7	22
01/12/93	15	Breaking Strength	425	340	80	605	142
		areaming energy	406	356	88	606	149
			353	376	107	563	159
		Average	395	357	91	591	150
		St. Dev.	37	18	14	25	9
		Peel Adhesion	56	42	75	73	130
		reel Adilesion					
			64	39	61	68	106
			63	43	68	68	108
		Average	61	41	68	70	115
		St. Dev.	4	2	7	3	13
04/14/93	18	Breaking Strength	428	594	139	555	130
07/17/33	10	Dieaking Strength	135	619	459	502	
							372
			409	566	138	570	139
		Average	324	593	245	542	214
		St. Dev.	164	27	185	36	137
		Peel Adhesion	50	29	58	53	106
			46	29	63	55	120
			55	43	78	49	89
		Average	50	34	66	52	105
		St. Dev.	5	8	11	3	15

TABLE 4. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-1 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Date of	Exposure		_	E-1 with	E-1 with Diesel Fuel		
Sampling	Months	Property	E1B6	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
10/11/93	24	Breaking Strength	408	330	81	555	136
		3	438	391	89	522	119
			434	355	82	508	117
		Average	427	359	84	528	124
		St. Dev.	16	31	5	24	10
		F) A '		40			
		Peel Adhesion	57	49	86	47	82
			64	39	61	54	84
		A	64	47	73	46	72
		Average	62	45	73	49	80
		St. Dev.	4	5	13	4	7
04/21/94	30	Breaking Strength	406	558	137	510	126
			444	515	116	584	132
			450	492	109	493	110
		Average	433	522	121	529	122
		St. Dev.	24	34	15	48	11
		Peel Adhesion	54	40	74	53	98
			53	33	62	53	100
			53	37	70	56	106
		Average	53	37	69	54	101
		St. Dev.	1	4	6	2	4
		525		•	· ·	_	•
10/17/94	36	Breaking Strength	436	374	86	497	114
		Dicaming Carcingan	395	380	96	445	113
			493	366	74	518	105
		Average	441	373	85	487	111
		St. Dev.	49	7	11	38	5
		Peel Adhesion	38	24	60	40	400
		reel Adriesion		24	63	49	129
			41	13	32	43	105
		A	50	19	38	42	.84
		Average	43	19	44	45	106
		St. Dev.	6	6	17	4	22
04/17/05	40	Decalities Observable	400	440			
04/17/95	42	Breaking Strength	492	443	90	580	118
			461	445	97	655	142
		•	468	478	102	621	133
		Average	474	455	96	619	131
		St. Dev.	16	20	6	38	12
		Peel Adhesion	51	42	82	3	6
			62	37	60	51	82
			55	40	73	48	87
		Average	56	40	72	34	58
		St. Dev.	6	3	11	27	46
10/14/95	48	Breaking Strength	471	480	102	477	101
			462	465	101	504	109
			454	472	104	508	112
		Average	462	472	102	496	107
		St. Dev.	9	8	2	17	6
		Peel Adhesion	51	38	75	31	61
			52	33	63	36	69
			54	38	70	49	91
		Average	52	3 6	69	39	74
		St. Dev.	2	3	6	9	74 15
		OI. Dev.	2	3	· ·	9	15

TABLE 4. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-1 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Date of	Exposure	e	_	E-1 with Jet Fuel		E-1 with Diesel Fuel	
Sampling	Months	Property	E1B6	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
04/16/96	54	Breaking Strength	575	452	79	520	662
		3	575	472	82	570	694
			502	455	91	536	591
		Average	551	460	84	542	649
		St. Dev.	42	11	6	26	53
		Peel Adhesion	43	41	95	44	46
		1 cel Adriesion	49	40	82	44	54
			47	40	85	43	51
		Average	46	40	87	44	50
		St. Dev.	3	1	7	i	4
		St. Dev.	J	•	•	'	
11/14/96	60	Breaking Strength	456	551	121	506	419
		0 0	401	569	142	490	345
			452	536	119	555	468
		Average	436	552	127	517	411
		St. Dev.	31	17	13	34	62
		Peel Adhesion	48	41	85	43	50
			44	42	95	50	52
			50	37	74	50	68
		Average	47	40	85	48	57
		St. Dev.	3	3	11	4	9
04/17/97	66	Breaking Strength	444	509	115	424	95
			456	515	113	440	96
			476	488	103	449	94
		Average	459	504	110	438	95
		St. Dev.	16	14	7	13	1
		Peel Adhesion	54	66	122	51	94
			59	22	37	44	75
			56	34	61	56	100
		Average	56	41	73	50	90
		St. Dev.	3	23	44	6	13

TABLE 5. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-2 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE

Date of	Exposure			E-2 with	Jet Fuel	E-2 with Dies	el Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-2, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
01/12/93	3	Breaking Strength	821	709	86	711	87
			775	740	95	734	95
			802	688	86	714	89
		Average	799	712	89	720	90
		St. Dev.	23	26	5	13	4
		Peel Adhesion	34	51	150	43	126
			42	56	133	39	93
			35	56	160	38	109
		Average	37	54	148	40	109
		St. Dev.	4	3	13	3	17
04/14/93	6	Breaking Strength	682	688	101	732	107
0 1 00	ŭ	Broaking Carongan	643	676	105	772	
			672	723	108		120
		A.,				734	109
		Average	666	696	105	746	112
		St. Dev.	20	24	3	23	7
		Peel Adhesion	30 28	58	193	53	177
				61	218	54	193
		A	27	54	200	63	233
		Average St. Dev.	28 2	58	204	57	201
		St. Dev.	2	4	13	6	29
10/11/93	12	Breaking Strength	695	730	105	339	49
			708	700	99	335	47
			744	751	101	403	54
		Average	716	727	102	359	50
		St. Dev.	25	26	3	38	4
		Peel Adhesion	22	17	77	7	32
			39	14	36	21	54
			23	13	57	9	39
		Average	28	15	57	12	42
		St. Dev.	10	2	21	8	11
04/21/94	18	Breaking Strength	683	584	86	471	60
04/21/34	10	Breaking Strength	700	608		471	. 69
			780 780		87 75	451	64
		Avorogo		588	75 22	370	47
		Average St. Dev.	721 52	593	83	431	60
			52	13	6	53	11
		Peel Adhesion	31	12	39	3	10
			53	11	21	4	8
			30	15	50	4	13
		Average	38	13	36	4	10
		St. Dev.	13	2	15	1	3
10/17/94	24	Breaking Strength	746	415	56	438	59
	 -		848	285	34	324	38
			831	248	30	376	45
		Average	808	316	40	379	45 47
		St. Dev.	55	88	14	57	10
		Peel Adhesion	24	2	8	4	17
			26	2	8	3	12
			20	۷.	0		
		Average	47 32	6 3	13 10	3 3 3	6

TABLE 5. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-2 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Date of	Exposure			E-2, with	Jet Fuel	E-2 with Di	esel Fuel
Sampling_	Months	Property	E-2, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
Sampling	MOTITIES	Floperty			70 O. Didiik	11100001100	70 01 Diam.
04/17/95	30	Breaking Strength	751	343	46		
04/1//33	50	Dicarring Officing in	715	353	49	****	
			754	296	39		
		Average	740	331	45		
		St. Dev.	22	30	5	*****	
		St. Dev.	22	30	•		
		Peel Adhesion	12	9	75 05		
			12	3	25		
			35	2	6		
		Average	20	5	35		
		St. Dev.	13	4	36	*****	
40/44/05	00	Dan alaina Channath	700	261	22		
10/14/95	36	Breaking Strength	783	261	33		
			811	218	27	*****	
			746	241	32	**	
		Average	780	240	31		
		St. Dev.	33	22	3		
		Peel Adhesion	49	1	2		*****
			46	1	2		
			41	1	2		
		Average	45	1	2		
		St. Dev.	4	0	Ō		
		J. 20	•	•	_		
04/16/96	42	Breaking Strength	759	234	31		
0 11 10/00		D. Calling Calongar	726	291	40		
			769	228	30		
		Average	751	251	34		
		St. Dev.	23	35	6		
		Doot Adhoring	35	2	6		
		Peet Adhesion			19		
			26	5			
			39	5	13		
		Average	33	4	13		
		St. Dev.	7	2	7		****
11/14/96	48	Breaking Strength	597	74000	****		
11/14/90	40	Breaking Strength	715				
			715 745				*****
		A					
		Average	686 78				
		St. Dev.	76	****	4		
		Peel Adhesion	17				
			27				
			15				
		Average	20				+
		St. Dev.	6			***	
04/17/97	54	Breaking Strength	802		****		
			765 722				
		Average	763				
		St. Dev.	40			*****	
		Peel Adhesion	32		****		****
		r eer Adhesion	28				
			49				
		A.,					
		Average	36				
od lausdood	amdata wha	St. Dev.	11	****	*****		
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TABLE 6. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-3 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE

Date of	Exposure			E-3 with	Jet Fuel	E-3 with Di	esel Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-3, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
01/12/93	3	Breaking Strength	564	571	101	584	104
		5 5	564	569	101	539	96
			542	556	103	519	96
		Average	557	565	102	547	98
		St. Dev.	13	8	1	33	
		Ol. Dev.	10		•	33	5
		Peel Adhesion	56	58	104	78	139
			49	63	129	76	155
			49	48	98	76	155
		Average	51	56	110	7 7	150
		St. Dev.	4	8	16	1	9
	_						
04/14/93	6	Breaking Strength	540	540	100	531	98
			578	487	84	479	83
			552	559	101	517	94
		Average	557	529	95	509	92
		St. Dev.	19	37	9	27	8
		Peel Adhesion	43	56	130	65	151
			53	67	126	39	74
			49	61	124	84	171
		Average	48	61	127	63	132
		St. Dev.	5	6	3	23	52
10/11/93	12	Breaking Strength	561	480	86	449	80
			559	491	88	262	47
			559	364	65	217	39
		Average	560	445	80	309	55
		St. Dev.	1	70	13	123	22
		Peel Adhesion	59	25	42	19	32
			50	31	62	19	38
			55	33	60	14	25
		Average	55	30	55	17	32
		St. Dev.	5	4	11	3	6
04/21/94	18	Breaking Strength	456	431	95	282	. 62
			410	393	96	110	27
			451	410	91	101	22
		Average	439	411	94	164	37
		St. Dev.	25	19	3	102	22
				19	3	102	22
		Peel Adhesion	55	39	71	5	9
			57	28	49	5	9
			65	33	51	4	6
		Average	59	33	57	5	8
		St. Dev.	5	6	12	1	2
10/17/94	24	Breaking Strength	474	50	11	25	5
			472	58	12	21	4
			433	61	14	14	3
		Average	460	56	12	20	4
		St. Dev.	23	6	2	6	1
		Peel Adhesion	34	1	3		
			45	i	2		
			54	3	6		
		Average	44	2			
		St. Dev.			4		
		St. Dev.	10	1	2		

TABLE 6. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-3 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Date of	Exposure			E-3 with	Jet Fuel	E-3 with Die	esel Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-3, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
							_
					•		
04/17/95	30	Breaking Strength	486	104	21		
			463	73	16		
			489	61	12		
		Average	479	79	17		
		St. Dev.	14	22	5		
	4				•		
		Peel Adhesion	29	0	0		
			44	1	2		
			33	1	3	***	
		Average	35	1	2		
		St. Dev.	8	1	2		
40/44/05	00	Dunalina Strongth	458	20	4		
10/14/95	36	Breaking Strength		17	4		
			413		4		
			361	21	6		*=-*-
		Average	411	19	5		
		St. Dev.	49	2	1		
		D 1 A 31 - 25 -	40				
		Peel Adhesion	16				
			26				
		_	28				
		Average	23				
		St. Dev.	6			*	
04/16/06	40	Procking Strongth	459				
04/16/96	42	Breaking Strength	474				
			489				
		Average	474				
		St. Dev.	15	*****		*****	
		Deat Adhanian	17				
		Peel Adhesion	17				
			28				
		A	23				
		Average	23				
		St. Dev.	6	~~~~			
11/14/96	48	Breaking Strength	436				
11/14/30	40	breaking Strength	439				
			414				
		Augraga					
		Average St. Dev.	430 14				****
		St. Dev.	17				
		Peel Adhesion	14				
		r eer Adriesion	15				
			16		****		
		Avorago	15				
		Average St. Dev.	13				
		St. Dev.	,			*****	
04/17/97	54	Breaking Strength	436		****		
04/11/37	5 7	breaking of engin	398				
			394				
		Average	409				
		St. Dev.	23				
		St. Dev.	23				
		Peel Adhesion	27				
		. 5517.511051011	18				
			15				
		Average	20	*****			
		St. Dev.	6			****	
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TABLE 7. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-4 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE

Date of Sampling	Exposure			E-4 with Je	t Fuel	E-4 with Dies	el Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-4, Blank		% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
01/12/93	3	Breaking Strength	504	547	109	571	113
			470	533	113	546	116
			498	504	101	529	106
		Average	491	528	108	549	112
		St. Dev.	18	22	6	21	5
		Peel Adhesion	76	62	82	00	40
		reel Adriesion	76 54	62		33	43
					115	40	74
			70	50	71	27	39
		Average St. Dev.	67 11	58 7	89 23	33	52
		St. Dev.	,,,	,	23	7	19
04/14/93	6	Breaking Strength	499	381	76	625	125
0	Ŭ	Dreaming Outengan	534	424			
					79	563	105
			677	467	69	581	86
		Average	570	424	75	590	106
		St. Dev.	94	43	5	32	20
		Peel Adhesion	42	80	190	24	57
			45	55	122	22	49
			25	76	304	28	112
		Average	37	70	206	25	73
		St. Dev.	11	13	92	3	34
						_	0.
10/11/93	12	Breaking Strength	566	447	79	35 3	62
			525	502	96	265	50
			594	494	83	232	39
		Average	562	481	86	283	59 51
		St. Dev.	35	30	9	63	12
		Peel Adhesion	78	50	64	8	10
		r cer Adriesion	70 79	59	75		10
			79 81			13	16
		Augrana		47 50	58	9	11
		Average St. Dev.	79 2	52 6	66 8	10 3	13 3
			_	•	· ·	· ·	3
04/21/94	18	Breaking Strength	606	522	86	74	. 12
		0 0	626	494	79	36	6
			641	521	81	30	5
		Average	624	512	82	47	
		St. Dev.	18	16	4	24	8 4
		Peel Adhesion	EO	00	140		
		reel Adhesion	58	86	148	1	2
			64	73	114	5	8
			87	88	101	4	5
		Average	70	82	121	3	5
		St. Dev.	15	8	24	2	3
40/47/01	2.	B 11 &					
10/17/94	24	Breaking Strength	579	421	73	24	4
			599	417	70	9	2
			598	476	80	3	1
		Average	592	438	74	12	2
		St. Dev.	11	33	5	11	2
		Peel Adhesion	73	11	15		
			87	15	17		
			84	20	24	****	
		Average	81	15	19		
		St. Dev.	7	5			
		St. Dev.	,	ວ	5		

TABLE 7. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-4 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Date of	Exposure			E4-	J6	E4D6	
Sampling_	Months	Property	E4B6	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
		D 11 O 11	604	000	47		
04/17/95	30	Breaking Strength	621	289	47		
			625	109 98	17		
		A	679	165	14 26	****	
		Average	642				
		St. Dev.	32	107	18		
		Peel Adhesion	64	12	19		
			85	3	4		
			66	2	3	**-	
		Average	72	6	8		
		St. Dev.	12	6	9		
10/14/95	36	Breaking Strength	626		*****	****	
		3 3	577				
			592	*****			
		Average	598				
		St. Dev.	25				
		5 14" '	24				
		Peel Adhesion	21 34				
			21				
		Average	25				
		St. Dev.	8				
		G. 2011	_				
		5 () 6	007				
04/16/96	42	Breaking Strength	627			****	
			668 573				
		Average	623				
		St. Dev.	48				
		J.: 251.					
		Peel Adhesion	40				
			70				***
			97				
		Average St. Dev.	69 29				
		St. Dev.	29				
11/14/96	48	Breaking Strength	568				
			466				
			703				
		Average	579				
		St. Dev.	119				
		Peel Adhesion	28				
			27		*	*****	
			7				
		Average	21				
		St. Dev.	12				
04/17/97	54	Breaking Strength	499			****	
			417				
			370				
		Average	429				
		St. Dev.	65			****	
		Peel Adhesion	20				
		, 501 / 1011051011	5				
			9				
		Average	11				
		St. Dev.	8				
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TABLE 8. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-5 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE

Date of	Exposure		_	E-5, with	Jet Fuel	E-5 with Die	esel Fuel
Sampling	Months	Property	E-5, Blank	Measured	% of Blank	Measured	% of Blank
01/12/93	3	Breaking Strength	516	510	99	577	112
			566	506	89	556	98
			540	496	92	580	107
		Average	541	504	93	571	106
		St. Dev.	25	7	5	13	7
		Peel Adhesion	18	23	128	48	267
			36	24	67	47	131
			34	23	68	41	121
		Average	29	23	87	45	173
		St. Dev.	10	1	35	4	82
04/14/93	C	December 20 December 2016	400				
04/14/33	6	Breaking Strength	493	468	95	618	125
			477	425	89	613	129
			477	496	104	570	119
		Average	482	463	96	600	124
		St. Dev.	9	36	8	26	5
		Peel Adhesion	24	34	142	25	104
			17	30	176	29	171
			13	51	392	22	169
		Average	18	38	237	25	148
		St. Dev.	6	11	136	4	38
10/11/93	12	Breaking Strength	546	450			
10/11/00	12	breaking Strength	537	458 435	84	555	102
			573	455 455	81	506	94
		Average	552		79	556 500	97
		St. Dev.	19	449 13	81 2	539 29	98 4
		Peel Adhesion	26	24	92	28	108
			30	20	67	26	87
		•	28	26	93	25	89
		Average	28	23	84	26	95
		St. Dev.	2	3	15	2	11
04/21/94	18	Breaking Strength	648	607	04	400	-
*	.0	Broaking Guerigur	659	591	94	468	72
					90	613	93
		Average	570 626	598 599	105	591	104
		St. Dev.	49	8	96 8	557 78	90 16
		Peel Adhesion	29	11	20		
		. 55.7.1671551511	28	12	38 43	32	110
			25	11		31	111
		Average	23 27	11	44	30	120
		St. Dev.	2	1	42 3	31	114
		O. 201.	_	•	3	1	5
10/17/94	24	Breaking Strength	352	505	143	540	153
		-	499	490	98	594	119
			302	499	165	565	187
		Average	384	498	136	566	153
		St. Dev.	102	8	34	27	34
		Peel Adhesion	22	10	45	22	100
			20	13	65	22	110
			23	10	43	20	87
		Average	22	11	51	21	99
		St. Dev.	2	2	12	1	12

TABLE 8. EVALUATION OF SEAM SECTIONS OF E-5 AFTER OUTDOOR EXPOSURE (cont'd)

Sampling Months	Date of Sampling	Exposure			E-5, with J	let Fuel	E-5 with Die	sel Fuel
Section Sect			Property	E-5, Blank				% of Blank
Section Sect								
Average S25 627 120 567 108 St. Dev. 24 58 16 77 17 17 Peel Adhesion 21 14 67 24 114 Average 21 20 19 95 21 105 Average 21 20 99 27 130 St. Dev. 1 7 33 8 36 171 Average 21 20 99 27 130 St. Dev. 1 7 33 8 36 36 171 Average 21 20 99 27 130 St. Dev. 1 7 33 8 36 36 Average 21 20 99 27 130 St. Dev. 58 51 88 504 83 607 535 88 504 83 607 535 88 504 83 608 446 71 508 73 Average 628 511 82 496 79 St. Dev. 58 21 9 17 5 Peel Adhesion 27 12 44 17 63 27 21 78 14 57 63 Average 27 12 78 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 O4/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 548 612 112 376 69 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 644 674 105 74 61 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 512 16 133 101 Average 658 659 11 12 396 69 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 51 69 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Average 548 612 112 376 69 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Average 658 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Average 658 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Average 23 14 56 85 510 79 Average 23 14 56 85 510 79 Average 23 14 56 85 510 96 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 88 Average 23 14 56 85 510 96 St. Dev. 19 52 84 89 649 110 Average 658 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 Average 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 Average 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 Average 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 Average 659 104 540 85 Ave	04/17/95	30	Breaking Strength	526				
Average S25 627 120 567 108			-	548	565	103	597	109
St. Dev. 24 58 16 77 17 17 17 17 18 18 18				501	680	136	624	125
Peel Adhesion			Average	525	627	120	567	108
21			St. Dev.	24	58	16	77	17
21			Peel Adhesion	21	14	67	24	114
Average 20 19 95 21 105 St. Dev. 1 7 33 8 36 10/14/95 36 Breaking Strength 584 501 86 477 82 607 535 88 504 83 607 535 88 504 83 607 535 88 504 83 608 4496 71 508 73 Average 628 511 82 496 79 St. Dev. 58 21 9 17 5 Peel Adhesion 27 8 30 17 63 Average 27 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 7 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 7 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 9 7 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 590 82 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 99 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Reverage 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 93 68 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Reverage 631 550 96 688 108 Average 631 550 90 641 1105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 114 54 24 92 Peel Adhesion 26 114 58 23 96 Average 613 550 90 641 1105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Average 21 20 98 27 130								
St. Dev. 1 7 33 8 36 10/14/95 36 Breaking Strength 684 501 86 504 83 504 83 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 535 88 504 83 604 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73 607 508 73			Average					
Company								
607 535 88 504 83 73 604 496 71 508 73 604 496 71 508 73 608 511 82 496 79 71 17 5 608 511 82 496 79 72 11 9 17 5 608 51 1 9 17 5 608 51 1 9 17 5 608 51 1 9 17 5 608 51 10 9 17 6 608 51 78 14 62 608 51 78 14 62 608 61 11 6 59 609 61 11 6 59 609 61 11 6 6 609 61 11 6 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61 11 6 609 61			5 1: 6: 4	504	504	20	477	
Average 628 511 82 496 79	10/14/95	36	Breaking Strength					
Average St. Dev. 58 21 9 17 5 Peel Adhesion 27 12 444 17 63 27 8 30 17 63 27 8 30 17 63 27 14 51 16 59 Average 27 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 O4/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75 596 615 103 330 55 596 615 103 330 55 591 121 403 77 Average 548 612 1112 376 69 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 O4/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 552 59 568 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 53 77 Peel Adhesion 540 545 85 615 96 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 53 77 Peel Adhesion 55 29 66 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 53 77 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7								
St. Dev. 58 21 9 17 5 Peel Adhesion 27 12 44 17 63 27 8 30 17 63 27 21 78 14 51 4 52 6 7 7 25 2 6 Average 27 21 78 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 04/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75 Average 548 612 112 376 69 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 99 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 24 15 667 22 92 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15			_					
Peel Adhesion 277 12 44 117 63 277 8 30 17 61 277 21 78 14 52 Average 27 114 55 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 04/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75 596 615 103 330 55 596 615 103 330 55 521 631 121 403 77 Average 548 612 112 376 69 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 11 11 16 145 14 127 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15								
27 21 78 14 52 Average 27 21 78 14 52 Average 27 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 04/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75 596 615 103 330 55 521 631 121 403 77 Average 548 612 112 376 69 St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 11 54 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 11 54 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 11 54 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 11 54 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105			St. Dev.	58	21	9	17	5
Average St. Dev. 27 21 78 14 51 16 59 St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			Peel Adhesion					
Average St. Dev. 0 7 25 26 6 Od/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75								
St. Dev. 0 7 25 2 6 04/16/96 42 Breaking Strength 526 591 112 394 75								
04/16/96								
See			St. Dev.	U	,	25	2	•
See	04/16/96	42	Breaking Strength	526	591	112	394	75
S21 631 121 403 77			2.02g				330	
Average St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12 Peel Adhesion 24 20 83 10 42 2 17 142 16 133 11 16 145 14 127 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 151 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 Average 613 550 90 641 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 110 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7								
St. Dev. 42 20 9 40 12			Average					
12 17 142 16 133 13 101 Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7								
12 17 142 16 133 131 101 16 145 14 127 Average 16 18 123 13 101 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 643 690 113 580 95 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 117 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 117 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 15 10 79 3 15 15 10 79 104 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150			Peel Adhesion	24	20	83	10	42
Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 613 690 113 580 95 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 613 550 90 641 105 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 613 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94				12	17	142	16	
Average 16 18 123 13 101 St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 613 690 113 580 95 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 613 550 90 641 105 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 613 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94					16	145	14	127
St. Dev. 7 2 35 3 51 11/14/96 48 Breaking Strength 647 612 95 530 82 613 690 113 580 95 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94			Average		18	123	13	101
613 690 113 580 95 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
613 690 113 580 95 644 674 105 510 79 Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94	4.44.000	40	Decalision Chromath	647	610	0E	E20	
Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 15 15 19 3 15 15 15 19 3 15 15 15 19 109 1105 1105 1105 1105 110	11/14/96	48	Breaking Strength					
Average 635 659 104 540 85 St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 22 8 17 71 28 117 71 28 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 O4/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
St. Dev. 19 41 9 36 8 Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 62 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94			<u>.</u>					
Peel Adhesion 24 16 67 22 92 24 17 71 28 117 22 8 117 22 8 36 26 118 Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 25 25 24 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94 494 64 65 65 26 16 63 24 94								
24			St. Dev.	19	41	9	36	8
Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94			Peel Adhesion					
Average 23 14 58 25 109 St. Dev. 1 5 19 3 15 04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94			_					
04/17/97 54 Breaking Strength 640 545 85 615 96 592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 Average 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94			St. Dev.	1	5	19	3	15
592 524 89 649 110 607 582 96 658 108 Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94	04/17/97	54	Breaking Strength	640	545	85	615	96
Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94	J=, 17157	34	Diodining Outlings					
Average 613 550 90 641 105 St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
St. Dev. 25 29 5 23 7 Peel Adhesion 26 14 54 24 92 27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94			Average					
27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94								
27 21 78 25 93 24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94			Peel Adhesion		14	54	24	
24 14 58 23 96 Average 26 16 63 24 94					21	78	25	
Average 26 16 63 24 94								
			Average					
			St. Dev.	2		13		2

TABLE 9. SUMMARY OF EFFECTS OF OUTDOOR EXPOSURE ON SEAMS OF COATED-FABRIC TANKS
EFFECT OF COMPOSITION

Jesion St. Dev.	80 00	ე ე ი 4) m m c	v 6a+	- 4- -		4 0	2 8	6 °	- -	4 φ
Peel Adl	, 57 , 57 ,	52 52 52 53	62	17 10 96	2 2 4 2 6 5	2 4 6 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	54	5 15	34 34	8 3	44 24	50 50
Diesel Fuel Trength St. Dev. A	73 B	% % % % % %	20	223 83 83 83	36 53 102 24	24 57 57 11	48	38	88 4	36 4	3 8	34 13
Dies Breaking Strength Avg. St. Dev.	404 746	200 200 900	598 359	309 283 539	542 431 164 47	528 379 20 12 566	529	487	619	496 540	542	517 438
esion St. Dev.	0.4	5 E	9 0	4 O W)	- va⊢va	44-97	9 7	60 0	e r	- 4	53 33
Peel Adhesion Avg. St. Dev.	62 58	38	39 15	30 23 23	33 33 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	: \$6 c 5 t t	37	6 4	04 81	36 4	6 5	40
Jet Fuel itrength St. Dev.	44 24 37	36	50 26	5 8 £	27 13 16 16 8	31 88 33 8	34 29 20 107 58	22 22	35 20 20	8 14	∓ 8	14
Breaking Strength Avg. St. Dev	384 696 529	424 463	334 727	445 481 449	593 593 411 512 599	359 316 56 438 498	522 321 79 165 627	373 240 511	455 251 612	472	460	552 504
nple Peel Adhesion g. St. Dev.	ნ თ დ	£ 9	13 10	หดง	æ £ æ £ 6	4 5 0 7 2	+ £ 8 Z +	04080	29 7 7	29+2+	∾ L o ∞ d	en en
(Blank) Sample Peel Ad	80 28 48	37 18	68 28	55 79 28	50 38 59 70 27	62 32 84 81 22	53 20 35 21 21	24 45 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	56 23 69 16	52 20 15 28 23	20 1 5 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 6 6 6 6	47 56
Control (Blan Strength St. Dev.	45 20 19	99 9	49 25	35 19	164 52 25 18 49	16 55 23 11 102	24 22 14 32 24 24	49 33 25 58	23 15 48 48 42	9 78 119 19	4 4 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	31
Control Breaking Strength Avg. St. Dev	580 666 557	570 482	354 716	560 562 552	324 721 439 624 626	427 808 460 592 384	433 740 479 642 525	441 780 411 598 628	474 751 474 623 548	462 686 430 517 635	551 763 409 429 613	436 459
Exposure Months	ဖ ဖဖ	ဖဖ	12 5	5 2 2	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	88888	36 36 36 36	44444	4 4 4 8 8 8 8 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	5 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	60 66 0.wb3
Elastomer I.D.	Е-1 1-2 1-3 1-3	E-5	Е-Н 1-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	п п 5 4 с		Б Б Б Б Б Б Б Б	Б-1 6-2 6-4 6-5	ਜ- - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 1	표 	- 1 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	- Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н	E-1 E-1 \outdoor\T-9-10.wb3

TABLE 10. SUMMARY OF EFFECTS OF OUTDOOR EXPOSURE ON SEAMS OF COATED-FABRIC TANKS EFFECT OF TIME

nesion St. Dev.	8 C C 4 C 4 C 5 C - 4	ω ωω	86-		4 0 + - 8 0 8 8 +
Peel Adf	7 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	50 72 4 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	85-2	25 3 0 0 8	25 26 31 27 27 27 28 28
Diesel Fuel rength St. Dev.	8 2 2 4 4 8 4 8 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	13 38 57 1	22 102 6 8	25 27 27 27 28 32	26 29 78 77 77 77 86 86
D Breaking Strength Avg. St. De	404 598 542 528 529 619 619 517	438 746 359 431 379	509 309 164 1	590 283 47 12 11 11	600 539 557 566 567 496 376 540
lesion St. Dev.	∪ ω ∞ ν 4 ω ω ω − ω	8 4000400	040	င်း က ထား က တ	T & L & L & L & & 4
Peel Adh Avg.	62 39 34 45 40 40 40 40 40	14 82 1 1 8 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28882-	55 28 55 6 1 1 1 1 1	86 2 1 1 1 2 3 8 8 4 9 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Jet Fuel rength St. Dev.	20 27 27 34 34 11 11	24 24 26 28 32 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	25	30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	36 13 8 8 20 20 20 20
Breaking Strength Avg. St. De	384 334 593 359 522 373 455 472 660	504 696 727 727 593 316 321 240 251	529 445 411 56 79 19	424 481 512 438 165 ———————————————————————————————————	463 449 599 627 511 612 659
lesion St. Dev.	<u>π</u> π 4 + ο ο α α ε	e 95 t t t t 4 r 0 t	ი ი ა ი ე თ ი ი − ი	# 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	9000-07-0
(Blank) Sample Peel Adhesion Avg St. De	80 60 62 62 53 54 4 4 4 4 4	5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	37 70 70 72 72 85 69 11	18 27 27 27 16 23 26
Control (Blank) strength St. Dev.	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	16 22 22 33 33 40	0 + 2 2 2 4 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	94 11 119 119 65	9 102 102 24 28 26 25
Control Breaking Strength Avg. St. Dev	580 354 324 427 433 441 474 462 551	459 666 716 721 808 740 780 780 763	557 560 560 439 479 474 430	570 562 624 592 642 598 623 517	482 552 626 384 525 528 638 613
Exposure Months	6 5 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	66 42 30 30 48 48 48 48 54	9 1 1 2 2 4 4 3 3 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 4 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 6 4 7 4 7 4 8 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7	9 2 1 8 4 5 8 8 4 4 5 8 4 4 5 8 6 8 8 4 5 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Elastomer I.D.		T 33233333333		п п п п п п п п п 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	ក្នុក្ខាក្នុក្ខាក្នុក្ខា

Table 11. Breaking Strength of Coated Fabric Sections

	Exposure	Bla	nk	Jet 1	fuel	Diesel 1	fuel
Elastomer ID.	months	fill	warp	fill	warp	fill	warp
F 4 +	•	750	070				
E-1 pre. data * E-1	0 42	758 365	879 722	398	640		
E-1	42	346	685	430	640 686	588 610	712
E-1	42	364	760	420	717	612 623	742
average:	42	358	722	416	681	608	709 721
smpl. std. dev.:	42	9	31	13	32	15	15
	· -	· ·	0.	10	OL.	13	13
E-1	48	628	395	658	385	680	398
E-1	48	709	331	679	318	671	412
E-1	48	686	336	664	349	741	429
average	48	674	354	667	351	697	413
smpl. std. dev.:	48	34	29	9	27	31	13
.							
E-1	54	710	303	646	353	768	492
E-1	54	717	333	696	337	752	533
E-1	54	674	309	671	328	757	544
average	54 54	700	315	671	339	759	523
smpl. std. dev.:	54	23	16	25	13	8	27
E-1	60	CC A	074	740	550		
E-1	60 60	664 706	371 313	743	552 500	773	580
E-1	60	706 732	336	700 738	599 560	740 707	614
average	60	701	340	736 727	570	727 747	591 595
smpl. std. dev.:	60	34	29	24	25	24	595 17
F		•			20	24	17
E-1	66	742	387	601	532	679	427
E-1	66	734	370	621	565	673	410
E-1	66	705	399	628	590	597	357
average	66	727	385	617	562	650	398
smpl. std. dev.:	6 6	19	15	14	29	46	37
E-2 pre. data *	0	764	724				
E-2	30	781	796	550	21		
E-2	30	829	805	540	403		
E-2	30	786	792	561	411		
average:	30	799	798	550	278		
smpl. std. dev.:	30	22	5	9	182		
E-2	36	806	687	293	417		
E-2	36	791	700	327	391		*****
E-2	36	786	681	304	417		
average:	36	794	689	308	408		
smpl. std. dev.:	36	8	8	14	12		
E-2	40	041	700	070	400		
E-2	42 42	841 852	783 749	373 351	492		
E-2	42	857	749 747	361	497 521		
average	42	850	760	362	503		
smpl. std. dev.:	42	8	20	11	16		
·							
E-2	48	847	687				
E-2	48	849	735				
E-2	48	802	695				
average	48	833	706				
smpl. std. dev.:	48	27	26				
En	E 4	24.4	70.4				
E-2	54	814	734				
E-2 E-2	54 54	811	727				
	54 54	828	703 701			*****	
average smpl. std. dev.:	54 54	818 9	721 16				
ampi. atu. uev	34	9	10		*****		

Table 11. Breaking Strength of Coated Fabric Sections (continued)

	Exposure	Bla	nk	Jet 1	fuel	Diesel	fue
Elastomer ID.	months	fill	warp	fill	warp	fill	warp
		204	745				
E-3 pre. data *	0	624 512	745 736	318	435		
E-3 E-3	30 30	512 504	730 720	330	434		*****
E-3 E-3	30 30	520	733	303	316	****	
	30	512	730	317	395		
average: smpl. std. dev.:	30	7	7	11	56		
sinpi. std. dev	30	,	•				
E-3	36	643	412	377	243		
E-3	36	624	404	408	230		
E-3	36	615	359	316	237		
average:	36	627	392	367	237		
smpl. std. dev.:	36	12	23	38	5		
E-3	42	660	446				
E-3	42	617	451				
E-3	42	677	430				
average:	42	651	442				
smpl. std. dev.:	42	31	11				
E-3	48	738	377		****		
E-3	48 48	683	384				
E-3	48 48	647	382		*****		
average:	48	689	381				
smpl. std. dev.:	48	46	4				
ompi. ota. dov	.0						
E-3	54	686	391				
E-3	54	704	339				
E-3	54	732	410				
average:	54	707	380				
smpl. std. dev.:	54	23	37				
E-4 pre. data *	0	613	743				
E-4	30	571	761	278	543		
E-4	30	559	759	299	510		
E-4	30	567	754	310	497		
average:	30	566	758	296	517		
smpl. std. dev.:	30	5	3	13	19		*
E-4	36	771	591			****	
E-4	36	749	618		*****	***	
E-4	36	735	626				
average:	36	752	612				
smpl. std. dev.:	36	15	15				
- 4	40	707	604				
E-4	42	787 770	634				
E-4	42	770	588				
E-4	42	729 760	625 616				
average:	42	762	616 24				
smpl. std. dev.:	42	30	24				
E-4	48	580	736				
E-4	48	576	749				
E-4	48	577	718				
average:	48	578	734				
smpl. std. dev.:	48	2	16				
E-4	54	732	478	••••		****	
E-4	54	754	495				
E-4	54	755	537				
average:	54	747	503				
smpl. std. dev.:	54	13	30				
5/1/p 510. 007		• •					

Table 11. Breaking Strength of Coated Fabric Sections (continued)

	Exposure		ank	Jet	fuel	Diese	l fuei
Elastomer ID.	months	fill	warp	fill	warp	fill	warp
E-5 pre. data *	0	567	754				
E-5	30	388	729	626	682	 F07	70.4
E-5	30	532	703			597	724
E-5	30			713	634	553	726
		490	737	706	632	525	747
average:	30	470	723	682	649	558	732
smpl. std. dev.:	30	60	15	39	23	30	10
E-5	36	555	627	688	593	751	693
E-5	36	549	561	646	615	740	704
E-5	36	613	582	706	583	781	683
average:	36	572	590	680	597	757	693
smpl. std. dev.:	36	29	28	25	13	17	9
E-5	42	764	570	722	639	751	546
E-5	42	773	580	670	644	720	501
E-5	42	786	516	627	650	746	493
average:	42	774	555	673	644	739	513
smpl. std. dev.:	42	11	34	48	6	17	29
E-5	48	730	581	526	602	789	681
E-5	48	767	575	520 515	615	783	672
E-5	48	772	601	540	598	763 777	692
average:	48	756	586	527	605	777 783	
smpl. std. dev.:	48	23	14	13	9	6	682 10
C	6 4	740	0.17				
E-5 E-5	54	713	617	775	575	742	598
	54	719	619	745	608	772	637
E-5	54	770	624	755	587	742	633
average:	54	734	620	758	590	752	623
smpl. std. dev.:	54	31	4	15	17	17	21
spec. min., lbs/incl	n	300		300		300	

^{*} Preliminary data from screening experiments, 1991 all data in units of lbs/inch smpl. std. dev. = sample standard deviation c:\qpw\data\outdoor\fab-data.wb3
April 2, 1996

Table 12. Breaking Strength of Coated Fabric Sections Effect of Composition

	st. dev.	į	:	;	i	;			į		1 0					•	n	15	:	•	:	53	5	į	!	į	9	27		į	;	21	17	37
	warp average st	!	!	:	;	•			:	:	732						560	721	1	!	!	513	413	-	;	;	682	523			-	623	595	398
Diesel fuel	dev.	İ	•	į	1	1	į			:	3	į				†	=	15	į	į	:	17	31	!		į	ဖ	ω	•	į	•	17	24	46
1112	average st.	ļ	!	:	:	•	•		1 1 1 1	•	558	į				757	61	809	!		;	739	697	!	:	!	783	759	•	:	!	752	747	650
	st. dev.	İ	į	!	į	-	į	100	7 9	9 9	3 <u>-</u>		45	īĸ	,	, C	2	32	9	i	:	ဖ	27	;	;	į	თ	13	i	:	1	17	52	53
len	average s	i	:	į	i	-	į	070	206	100	517 649		408	237		507	60	681	503	•	-	644	351	1	-	•	605	339	i	-	i	290	220	562
Jet fuel	st. dev.	}	į	:	i	;		c	, <u>†</u>	- ;	39 -	1	14	α	3	20	3	5	Ξ	1	!	48	o	!	1	i	13	52	i	į	-	5	54	4
3	average s	i	:	į	:	:	į	C S S	31.7	5 6	289 682	İ	308	367		089	3	416	362	i	-	673	667	•	Ì	i	527	671	:	:	į	758	727	617
	st. dev.	į	:	:	****	i	İ	u	7 0	۰ ،	ა ჯ	į	α	, K	3 4	2 g	3	31	ຂ	7	24	34	59	8	4	9	4	16	16	37	90	4	53	15
nk	average s	879	724	745	743	754	;	708	730	7 20	723	!	689	390	612	200	3	722	760	442	616	555	354	902	381	734	286	315	721	380	503	620	340	382
Blank	st. dev.	į	:	į	i	:	Ì	00	1 ~	- 4	° 9	İ	α	, 5	i 7 2	2 g	3	თ	ω	3	ဓ	#	34	27	46	2	g	83	6	ន	5	31	34	19
		758	764	624	613	292	!	700	. t	7-0	470	ļ	794	627	752	572	i S	358	820	651	762	774	674	833	689	278	756	200	818	707	747	734	701	727
o no no no no no no no no no no no no no	months	0	0	0	0	0	90	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	36	36	98	98) <u>(</u>	3	42	42	45	42	45	48	48	48	48	48	52	55	57	72	54	8	99
	Elast. No.	г. 1•	E-2 *	E-3 *	E-4 *	щ. 5.	ā	- С	L-2 E-3	י ל על	п т ъ	Ü	F.2	П П	і п 7-	ָ יאַ יאַ)	<u>т</u>	E-2	m ю	E-4	Ę-5	п. 1	E-2	Е-3	П-4 4	ក្	<u>F</u>	Б-2	щ с	П-4	E-5	<u>т</u>	<u>.</u>

^{*} Preliminary data from screening experiments, 1991 all data in units of Ibs/inch c:\quattro7\.\outdoon\fabric.wb3 May 14, 1997

Table 13. Breaking Strength of Coated Fabric Sections Effect of Time

		st. dev.		ŭ	5 6	. 6	7.	37						;		:		į	:	!	i	ļ	ļ	į	į	:	!		÷	2 0	? දැ	9	24
fiel	Ward	average		757	121	223	505 505	398	ļ				į	!		į	•		;	<u>;</u>	1	į	!	i	ł	:	i		732	76. 76.	513	682	623
Diesel fuel		st. dev.	į	7	2 5	5 °C	2, 4	46	į			į	į	į		•			į	į	į	}	ļ	į	į	į	į		S	7 8	1	ဖ	17
	III	average st		808	697	759	747	650	į	į	}	!	1	:						! !	! !		!	!	*****	į	•	•	25,2	757	739	783	797
		st. dev.	į	33	22	÷ 6	22	83	-	182	5	<u>6</u>	1	-		ដ	3 10)			•	ļ	19	:	!	!	į	į	8	<u> </u>	ဖ	o į	}
inel	warp	average s	į	681	351	339	570	295	į	278	408	503	1	!		305	237					•	517	:	!	;	-	•	649	597	644	605	OSC OSC
Jet fue		st. dev.	1	5	တ	52	24	4	į	თ	4	=	:	į	į	-	: 89	}	ł	į		i	5	į	!	1	}	ļ	9	52	48	13	<u>0</u>
	fill	average	:	416	299	671	727	617	į	550	308	362	:	1	i	317	367		ł			:	596	•	:	:		i	682	089	673	527	86.
		st. dev.	;	3	8	16	59	15	į	ß	∞	ଥ	8	16		7	ន	-	4	37	;	į	ო	र	24	16	င္က	:	5	88	34	4 ~	t
ank	warp	average s	879	722	354	315	340	385	724	798	689	760	902	721	745	730	392	442	381	380		743	758	612	616	734	503	754	723	290	555	586 620	Š
Blar		st. dev.	ŀ	6	34	ន	34	19	ļ	55	∞	∞	27	თ	į	7	12	31	46	23		ļ	ည	ნ	30	۰ ۲	<u> </u>	ļ	8	දැ	Ξ 8	8 2	5
	≣	average	758	358	674	700	701	727	764	799	794	820	833	818	624	512	627	651	689	707		613	266	752	762	578	747	267	470	572	774	734 734	
	Exposure,	months	0	42	48	54	9	99	0	30	36	45	48	25	0	တ္တ	36	42	48	54		0	တ္တ	36	42	84 .	4	0	30	36	42	48 54	; .
	i	Elast. No.	Ē.	<u>.</u>	<u>т</u>	<u>н</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	E-2 *	E-2	E-2	Е-2 1	E-2	E-2	E-3	щ S	E-3	ဗု	Е-3	щ Э		E-4 .	Щ ! 4 .	П г 4	пі 4	п 4	П 4-	E-5 *	Ę.5	ந	n r	щ С rč	

 Preliminary data from screening experiments, 1991 all data in units of lbs/inch c:\quattro7..\outdoor\fabric.wb3 May 14, 1997

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Table 14. STEAM JET GUM CONTENT OF FUELS FROM PILLOW TANKS

Elastomer	Exposure	Steam Jet Gum, n	ng/100 mL
ID	months	Diesel Fuel	Jet Fuel
- 4	•	40.5	0.0
E-1	0 6	19.5 56.1	3.2 35.4
E-1 E-1	12	99.8	69.2
E-1	18	97.2	70.5
E-1	24	134.6	97.7
E-1	30	171.2	117.3
E-1	36	223.8	128.0
E-1	42	200.7	128.5
E-1	48	179.4	106.8
E-1	54	145.7	115.8
E-1	60	167.7	95.5
E-1	66	308.4	147.2
E-2	0	19.5	3.2
E-2	6	22.9	4.7
E-2	12	54.8 77.0	21.6
E-2 E-2	18 24	77.9 181.9	18.3 33.5
E-2	30	216.7	42.9
E-2	36	249.6	22.7
E-2	42		14.1
E-2	48		
E-2	54		
E-3	0	19.5	3.2
E-3	6	82.0	29.8
E-3	12	158.7	94.1
E-3	18	164.9	71.2
E-3 E-3	24 30	215.9 270.5	114.7 175.4
E-3	36	311.7	132.4
E-3	42		
E-3	48		
E-3	54	****	
E-4	0	19.5	3.2
E-4	6	18.5	6.4
E-4	12	169.7	18.1
E-4	18	145.8	16.4
E-4	24	170.1	13.3
E-4	30		51.2
E-4 E-4	36 42		
E-4	48		
E-4	54		
E-5	0	19.5	3.2
E-5	6	36.3	9.7
E-5	12	56.9	24.3
E-5	18	133.6	16.7
E-5	24	93.2	25.7
E-5	30	94.0	50.9
E-5	36	144.2	21.1
E-5 E-5	42 48	85.0 120.1	23.2 19.0
E-5 E-5	48 54	479.6	25.1
L-3	J4	713.0	23.1

SJ_GUM.WB3 May 23,1997 APPENDIX B FIGURES

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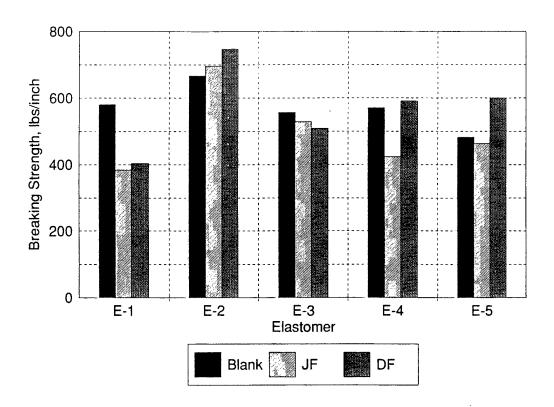


Figure 1. Seam Breaking Strength After 6 Months of Exposure

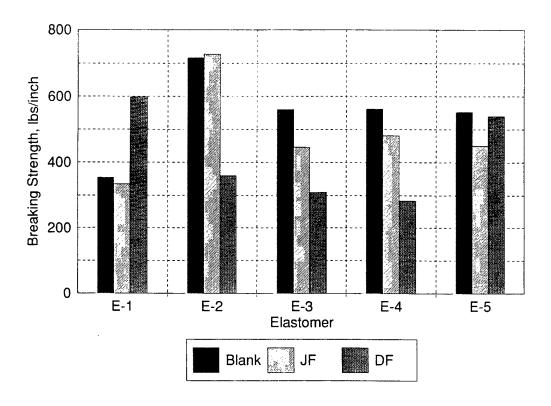


Figure 2. Seam Breaking Strength After 12 Months of Exposure

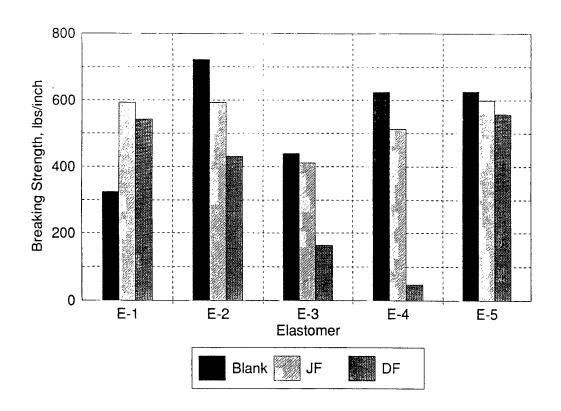


Figure 3. Seam Breaking Strength After 18 Months of Exposure

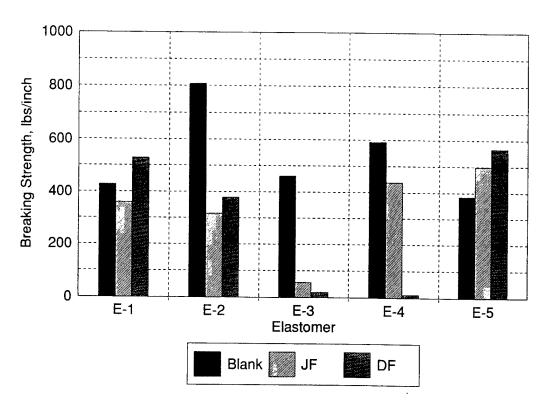


Figure 4. Seam Breaking Strength After 24 Months of Exposure

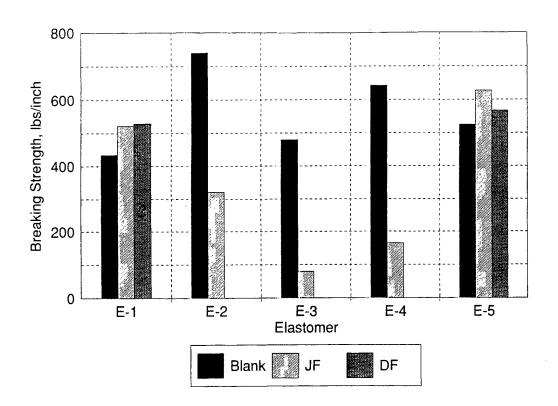


Figure 5. Seam Breaking Strength After 30 Months of Exposure

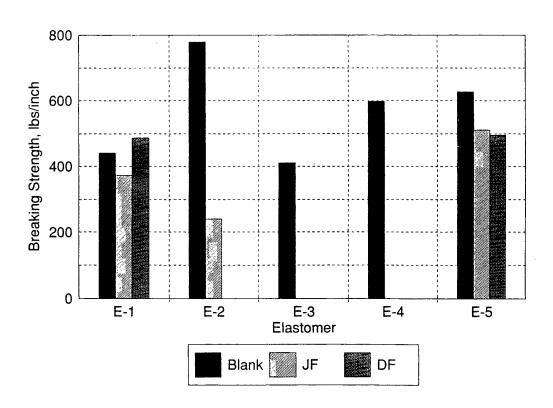


Figure 6. Seam Breaking Strength After 36 Months of Exposure

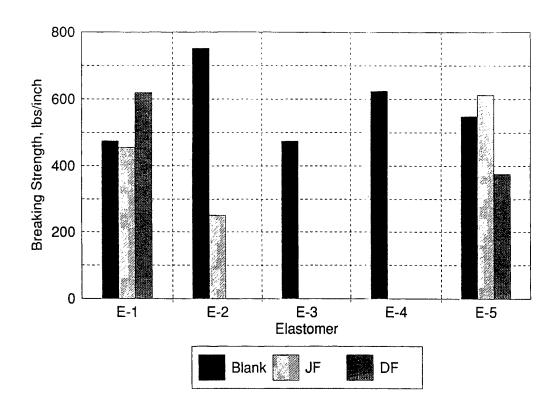


Figure 7. Seam Breaking Strength After 42 Months of Exposure

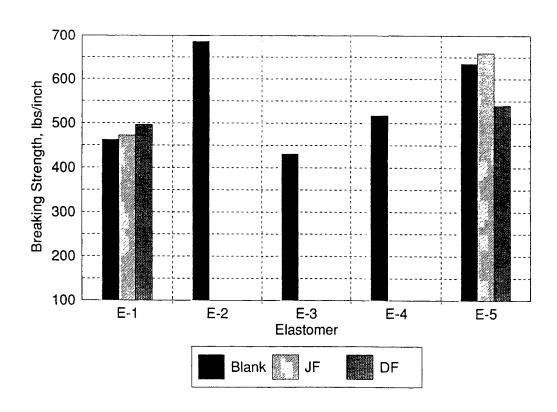


Figure 8. Seam Breaking Strength After 48 Months of Exposure

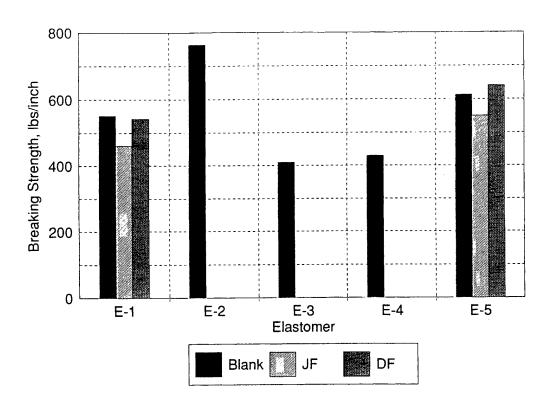


Figure 9. Seam Breaking Strength After 54 Months of Exposure

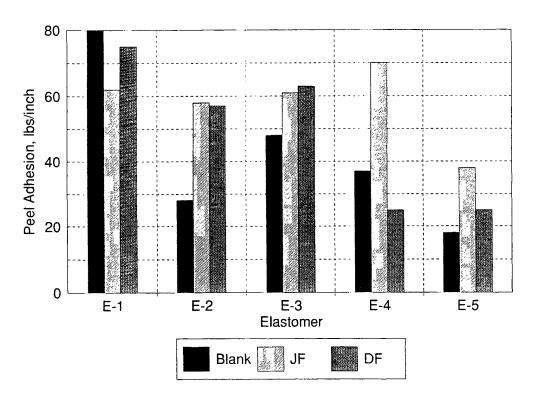


Figure 10. Peel Adhesion After 6 Months of Exposure

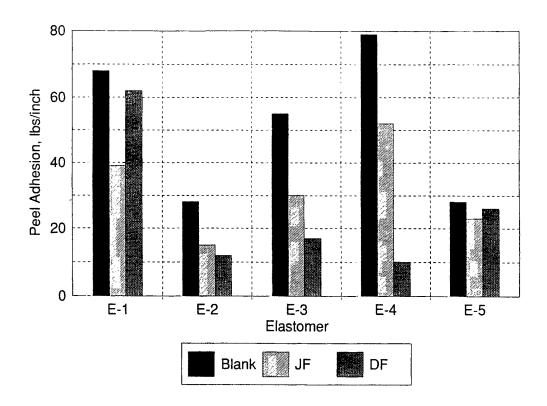


Figure 11. Peel Adhesion After 12 Months of Exposure

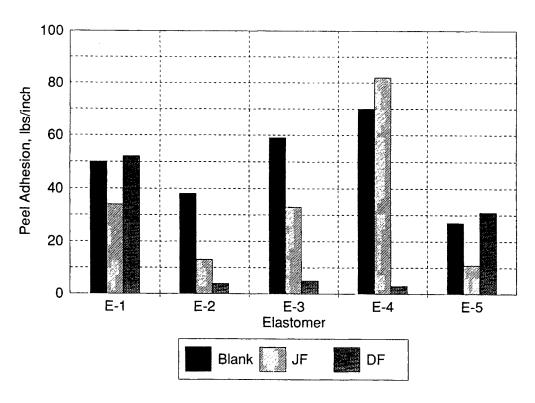


Figure 12. Peel Adhesion After 18 Months of Exposure

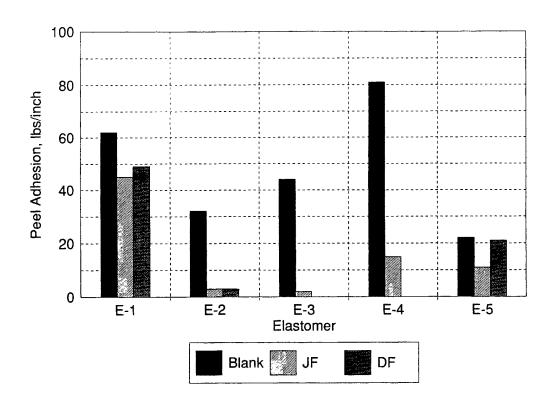


Figure 13. Peel Adhesion After 24 Months of Exposure

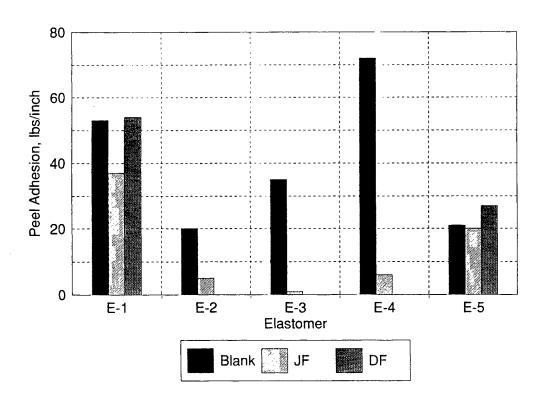


Figure 14. Peel Adhesion After 30 Months of Exposure

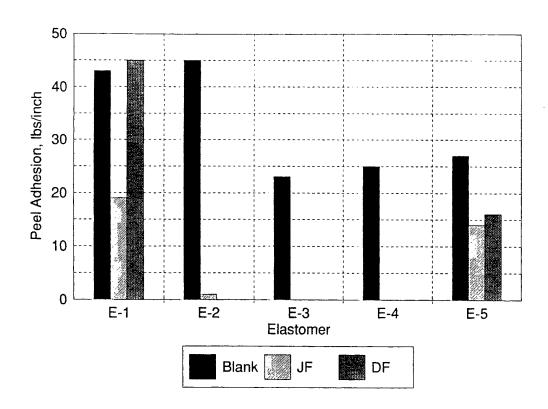


Figure 15. Peel Adhesion After 36 Months of Exposure

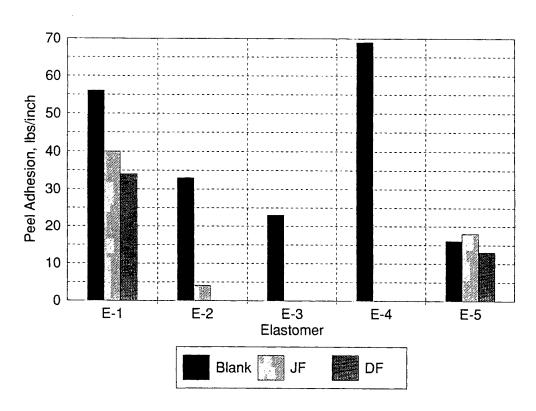


Figure 16. Peel Adhesion After 42 Months of Exposure

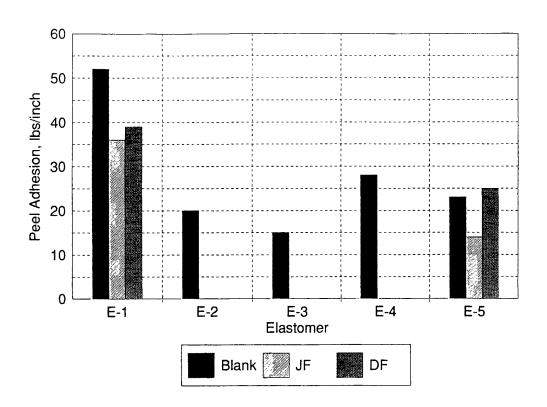


Figure 17. Peel Adhesion After 48 Months of Exposure

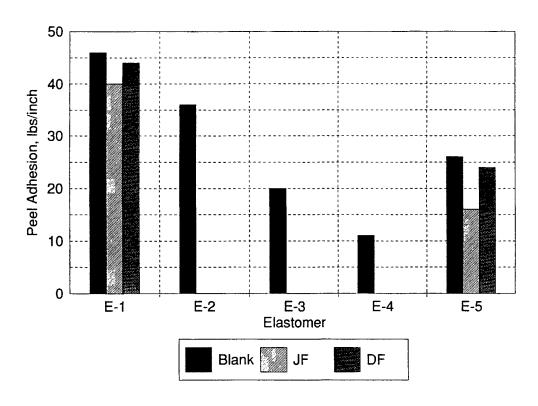


Figure 18. Peel Adhesion After 54 Months of Exposure

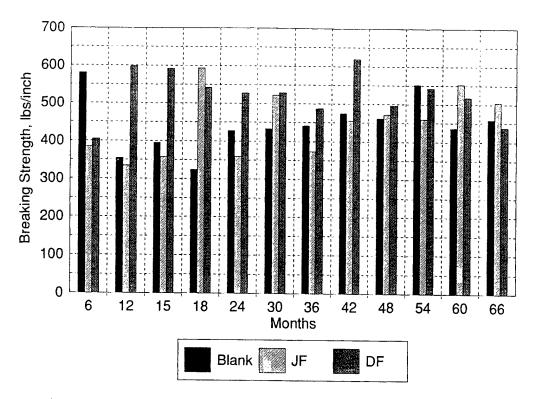


Figure 19. Breaking Strength Change in Seam of E-1

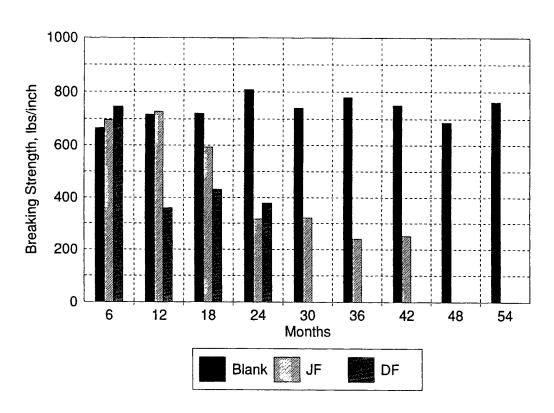


Figure 20. Breaking Strength Change in Seam of E-2

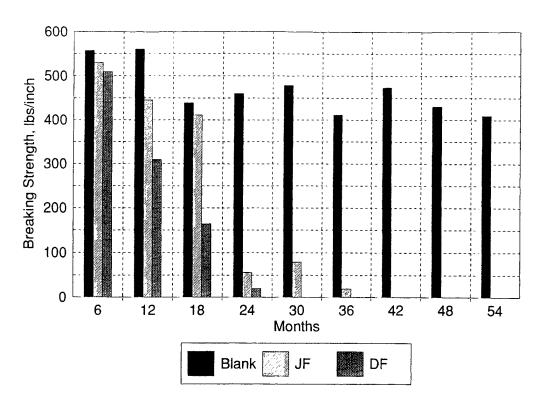


Figure 21. Breaking Strength Change in Seam of E-3

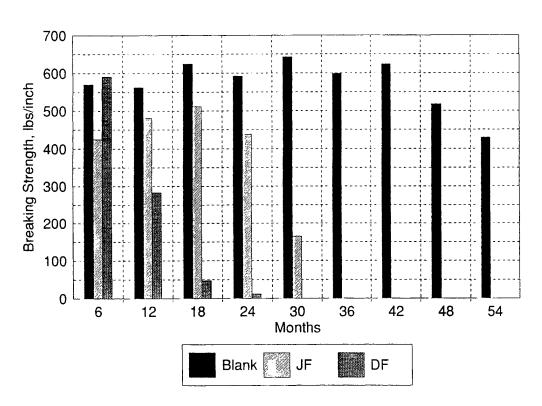


Figure 22. Breaking Strength Change in Seam of E-4

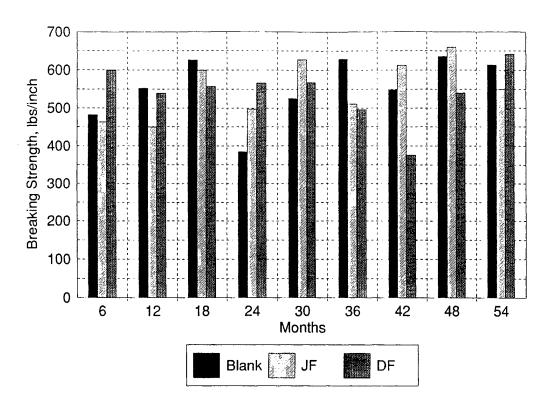


Figure 23. Breaking Strength Change in Seam of E-5

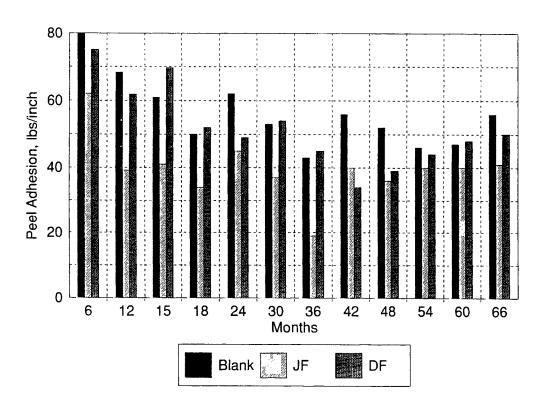


Figure 24. Peel Adhesion Change in Seam of E-1

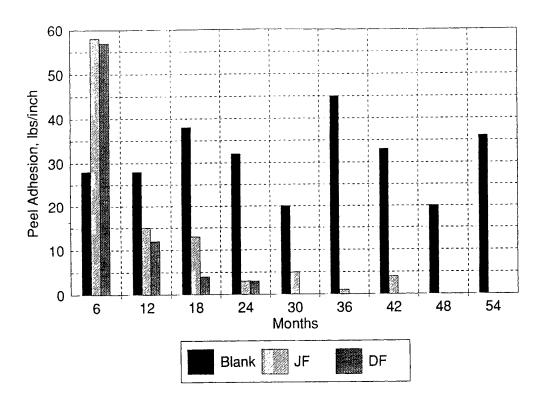


Figure 25. Peel Adhesion Change in Seam of E-2

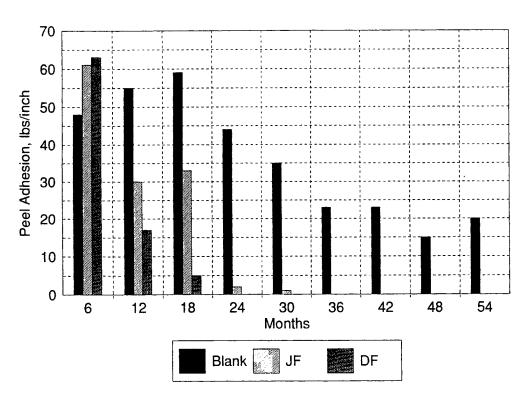


Figure 26. Peel Adhesion Change in Seam of E-3

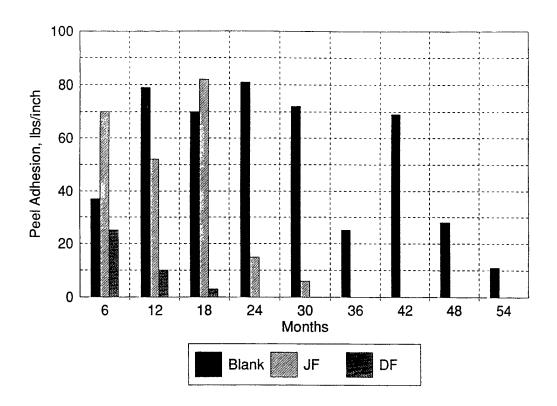


Figure 27. Peel Adhesion Change in Seam of E-4

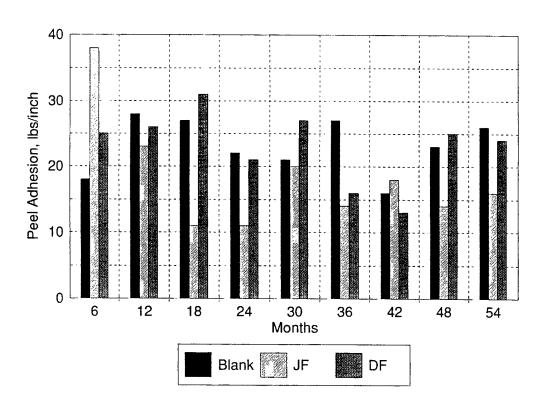


Figure 28. Peel Adhesion Change in Seam of E-5

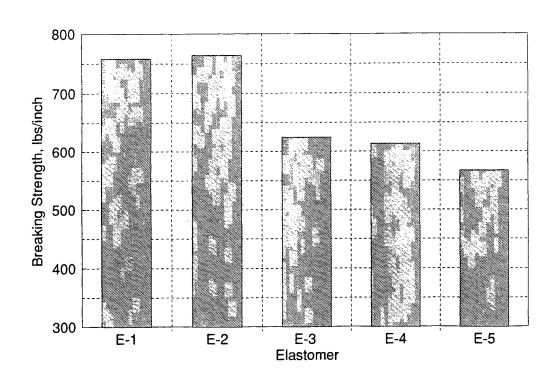


Figure 29. Fabric Breaking Strength - New Products

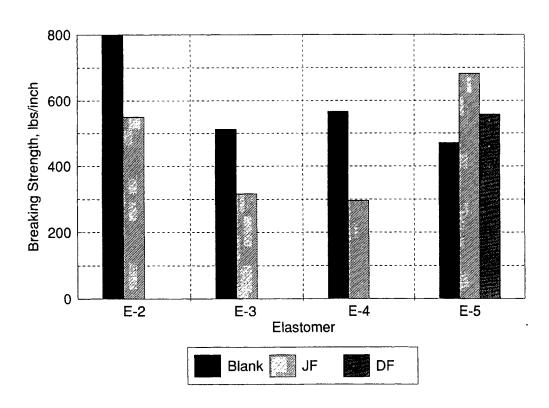


Figure 30. Fabric Breaking Strength After 30 Months of Exposure

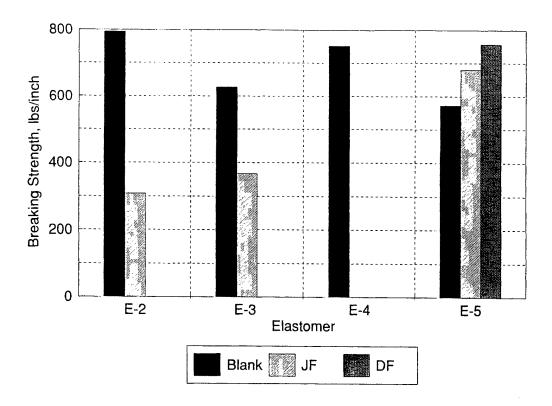


Figure 31. Fabric Breaking Strength After 36 Months of Exposure

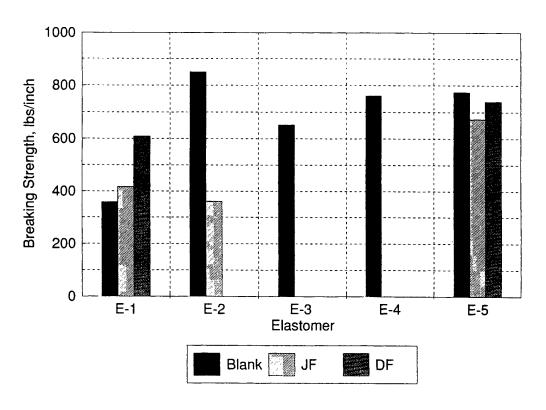


Figure 32. Fabric Breaking Strength After 42 Months of Exposure

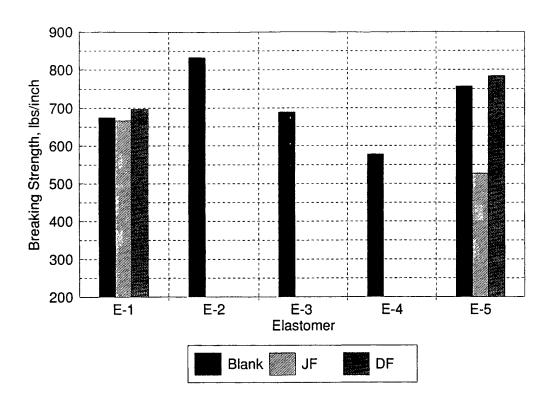


Figure 33. Fabric Breaking Strength After 48 Months of Exposure

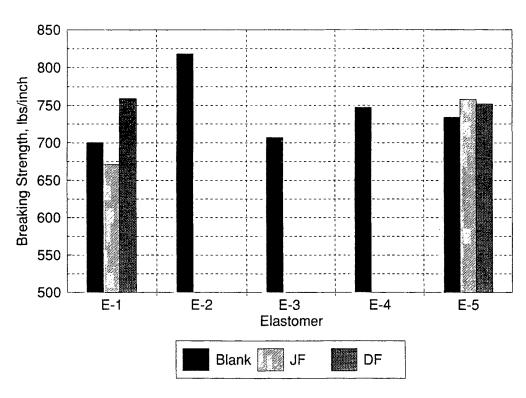


Figure 34. Fabric Breaking Strength After 54 Months of Exposure

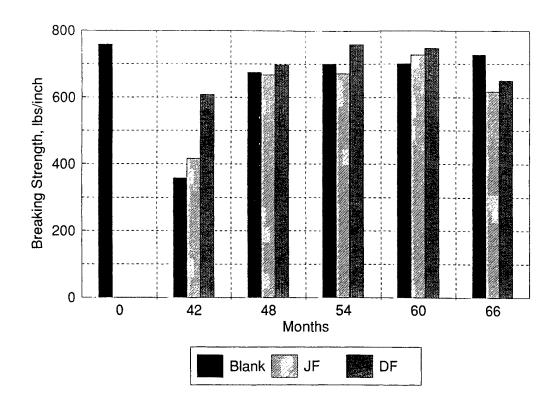


Figure 35. Breaking Strength Change in Fabric of E-1

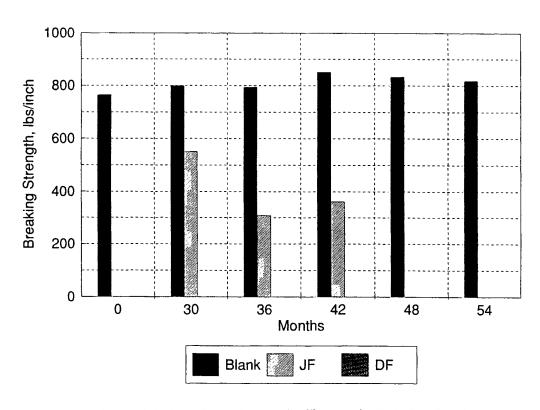


Figure 36. Breaking Strength Change in Fabric of E-2

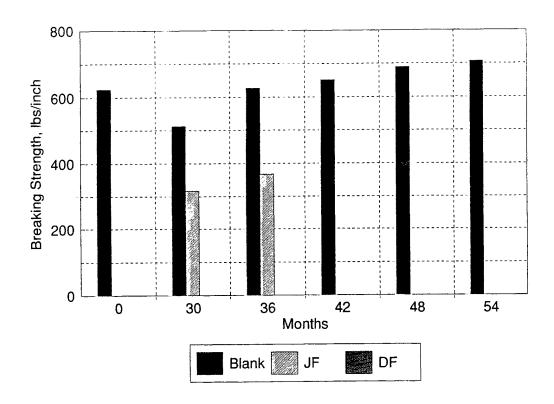


Figure 37. Breaking Strength Change in Fabric of E-3

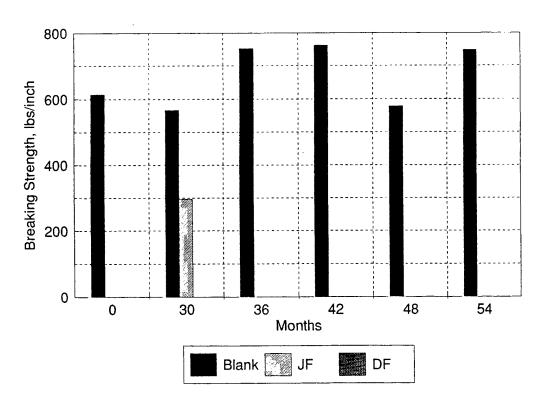


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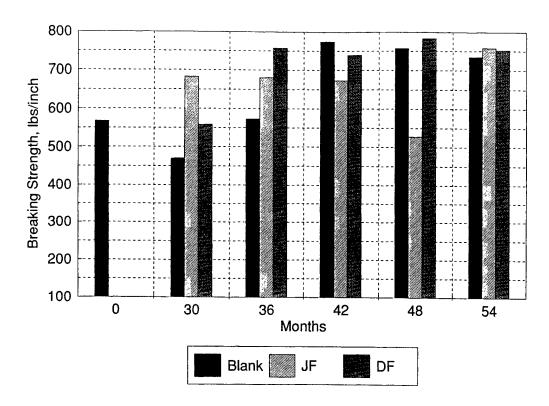


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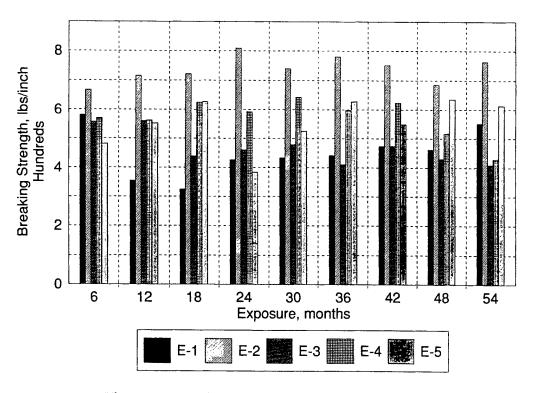


Figure 40. <u>Estimated Storage Life of Coated-Fabric</u> <u>Products - Control Breaking Strength Data</u>

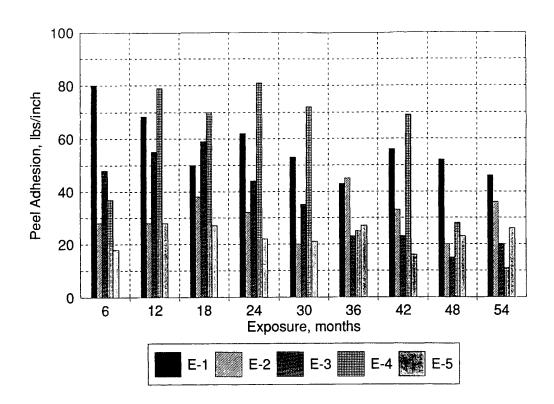


Figure 41. Estimated Storage Life of Coated-Fabric Products - Control Peel Adhesion Data

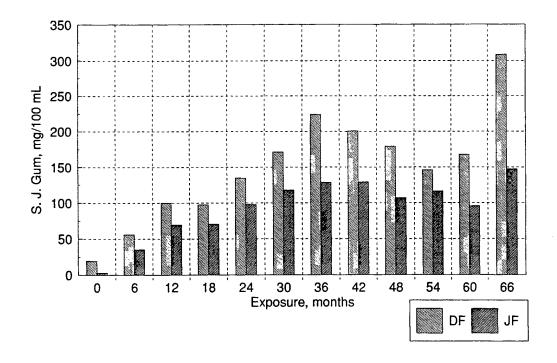


Figure 42. Steam Jet Gum in Fuels Exposed to E-1 for 66 Months

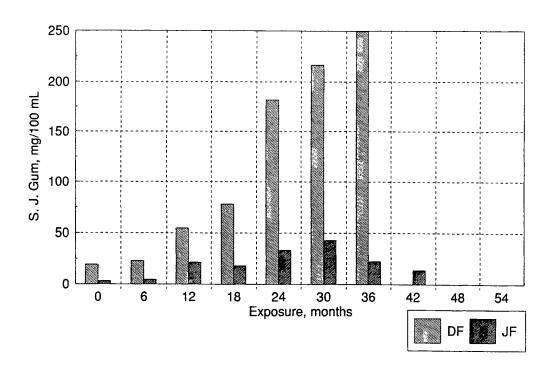


Figure 43. Steam Jet Gum in Fuels Exposed to E-2 for 54 Months

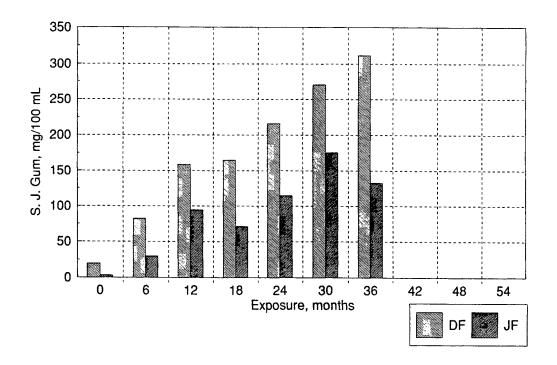


Figure 44. Steam Jet Gum in Fuels Exposed to E-3 for 54 Months

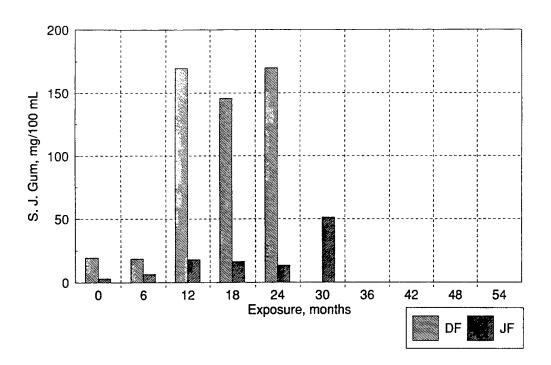


Figure 45. Steam Jet Gum in Fuels Exposed to E-4 for 54 Months

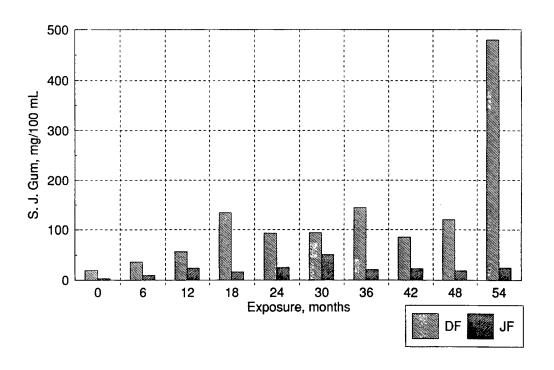
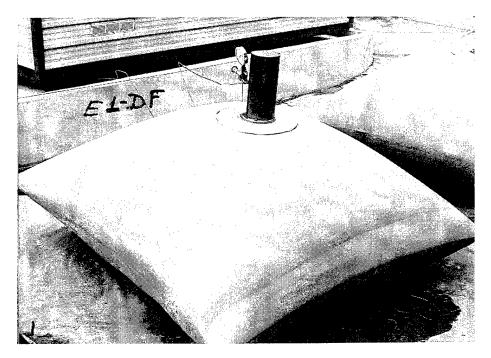


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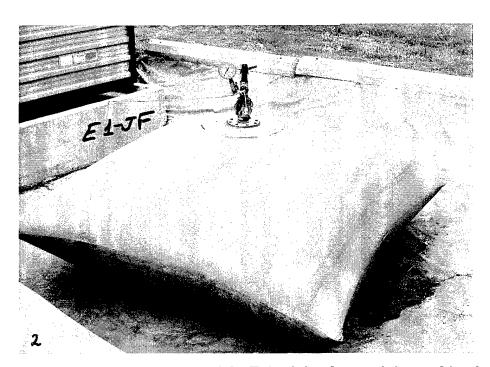
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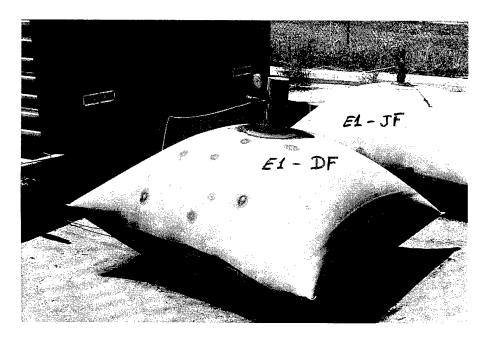
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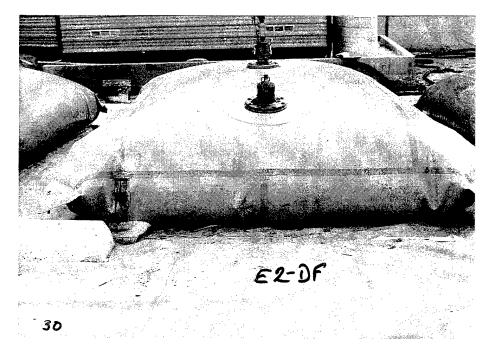
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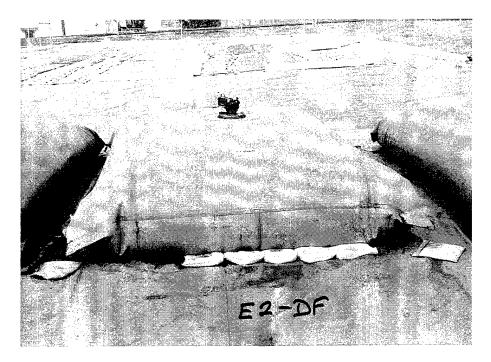
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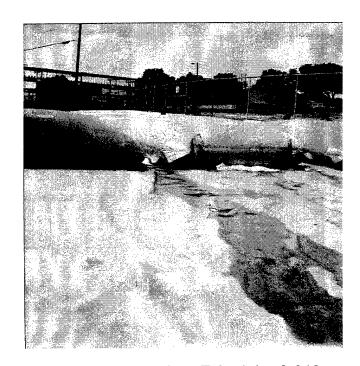
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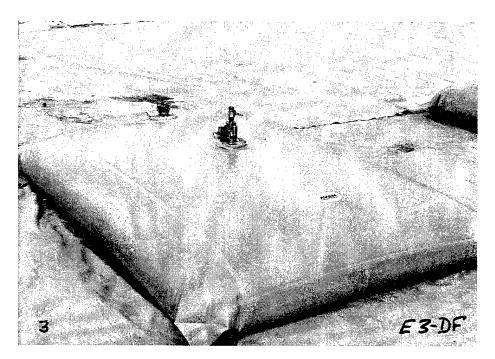
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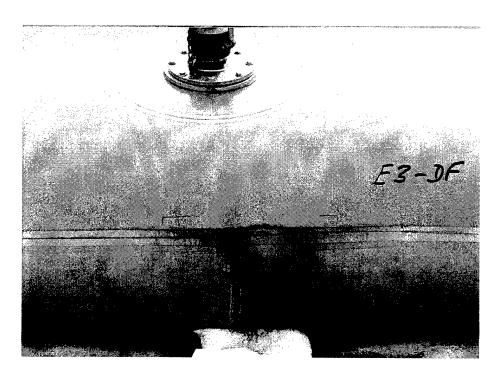
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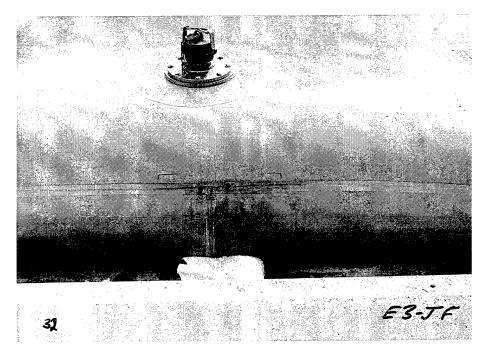
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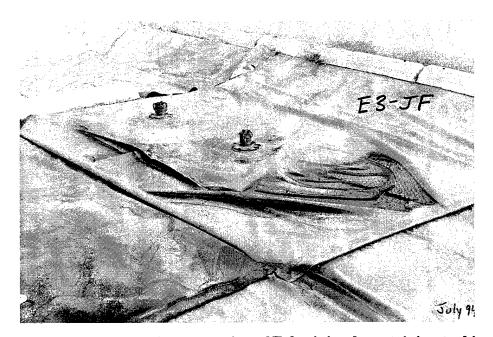
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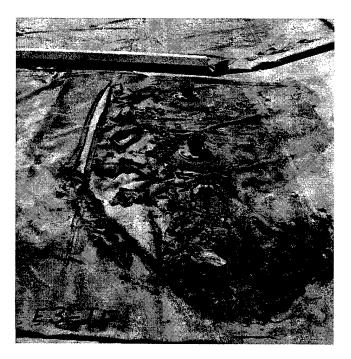
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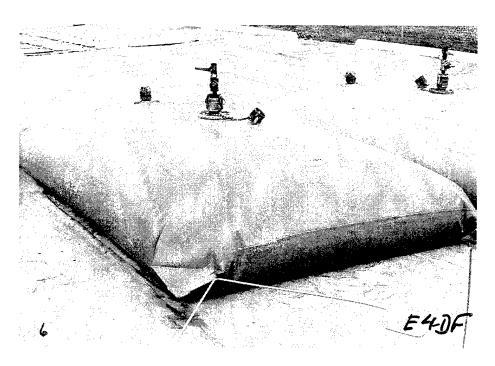
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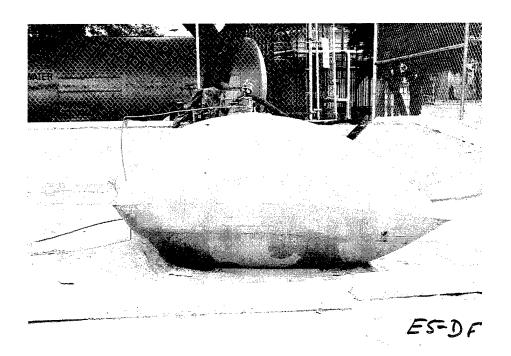
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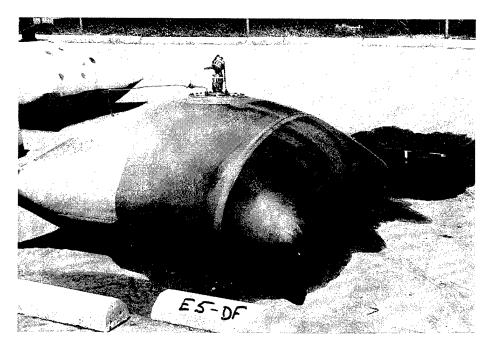
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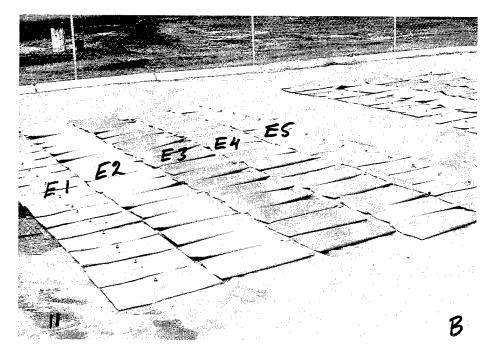
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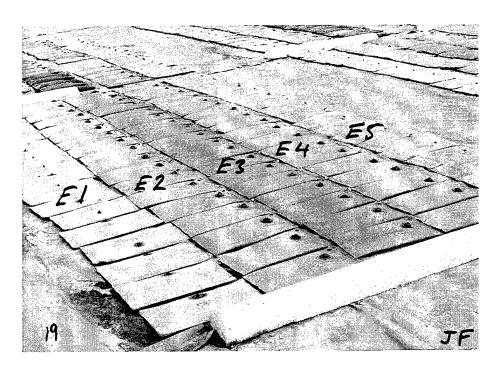
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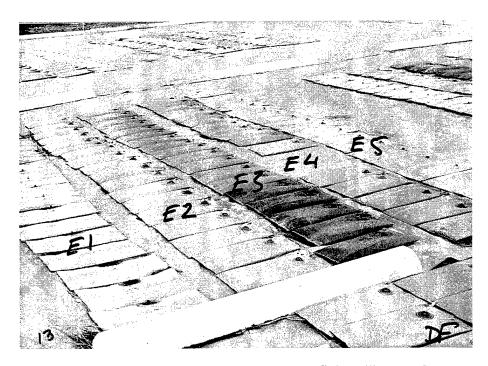
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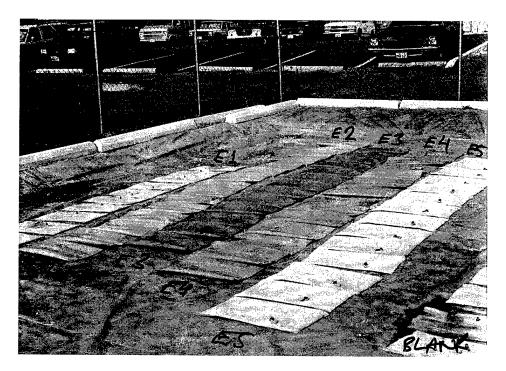
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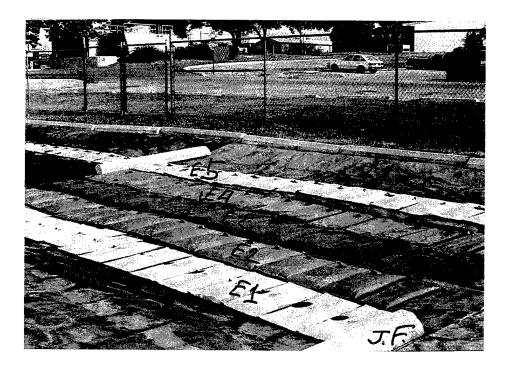
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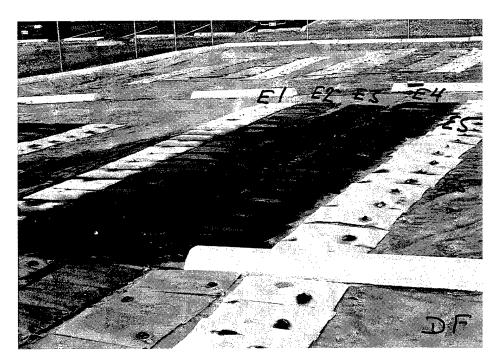
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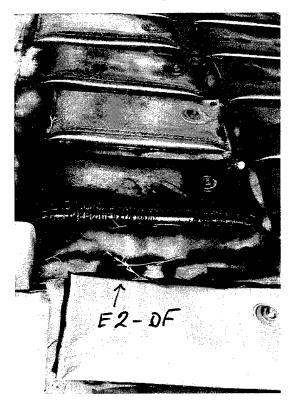
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